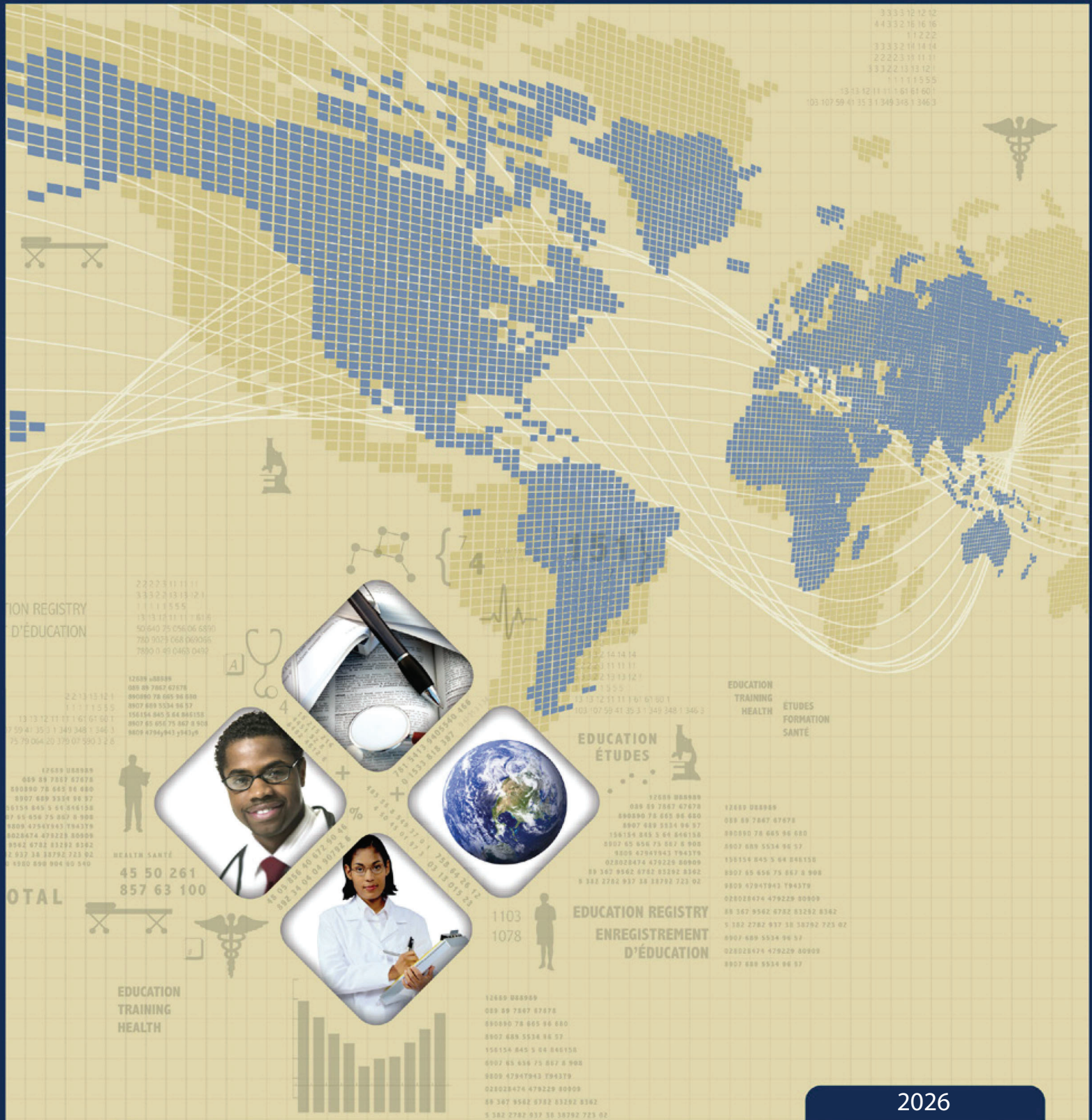




2026

The National IMG Database Report

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2026

Telephone: 613 730 1204

Email: caper@afmc.ca

Website: www.caper.ca

Acknowledgements

It is an honour to present the 2026 National IMG Database Report. This marks the ninth update to the report following a period of dormancy, made possible through the continued support of the CAPER partner organizations. These partners include the Association of Faculties of Medicine of Canada, Canadian Institute for Health Information, Canadian Medical Association, Canadian Resident Matching Service, College of Family Physicians of Canada, Medical Council of Canada, Resident Doctors of Canada, and Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada.

I would like to take this opportunity to acknowledge the persistent and complex challenges facing the medical community and the broader healthcare system, particularly the ongoing Health Human Resources (HHR) crisis. Despite these challenges our stakeholders have risen to the occasion to allow us to publish authoritative data on the future of our medical workforce.

We extend our sincere thanks to the Medical Council of Canada (Section A) and the eighteen faculties of medicine (Section B & C) for their contributions to the data presented in this report.

A very sincere thank you and acknowledgment is extended to the individuals within our partner organizations who have dedicated their time and expertise to the National IMG Database. The information in this report highlights the pathways and milestones navigated by International Medical Graduates. Their contributions form the foundation of the report's high-quality data and more importantly, provide essential support to those working to strengthen Canada's physician workforce landscape.

Finally, we would like to extend our sincere thanks to the current CAPER Chair, Dr. Heidi Britton, and the entire CAPER Committee for their continued support of the National IMG Database. We also wish to recognize and thank our former Chairs for their leadership and steadfast support throughout the development of the IMG report. This work would not have been possible without the dedicated efforts of CAPER staff member Mr. Leslie Forward, whose skills, expertise, and commitment were instrumental in bringing this report to life.

It has been a pleasure working with all who have contributed to this unique national resource, and I look forward to our continued collaboration.

Cindy Brassard

Program Lead, CAPER

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BACKGROUND AND INTRODUCTION

The contribution and role of IMGs have surfaced in numerous systematic evaluations of the Canadian health care system. The 2002 Kirby Senate Committee report on the state of the health care system in Canada emphasized the need for a national strategy to enhance the integration of International Medical Graduates.ⁱ Soon after, the Romanow Commission report ‘Building on Values: The Future of Health Care in Canada’ⁱⁱ called for a coordinated Human Health Resources (HHR) planning strategy and consideration of the processes IMGs undertake to enter into the physician workforce. Aligned with the call for collaborative HHR planning, the 2003 First Ministers’ Accord on Health Care Renewal supported evidence-based initiatives in order to develop an information base to facilitate the integration of IMGs and increase the recruitment and retention of the health workforce.ⁱⁱⁱ The creation of the Canadian Task Force on Licensure of IMGs in 2002 was a key step in addressing the issues faced by IMGs in Canada. Recognizing their importance in Canada’s health care delivery system, the Taskforce made six recommendations to address IMG barriers to licensure and practice.^{iv} They were:

- (1) Increase the capacity to assess and prepare IMGs for licensure.
- (2) Work toward standardization of licensure requirements.
- (3) Expand or develop supports/programs to assist IMGs with the licensure process and requirements in Canada.
- (4) Develop orientation programs to support faculty and physicians working with IMGs.
- (5) Develop capacity to track and recruit IMGs.
- (6) Develop a national research agenda, including evaluation of the IMG strategy.

In response to recommendation #5, the National IMG Database was created in 2005 by the Canadian Post-M.D. Education Registry (CAPER) with support from the Association of Faculties of Medicine of Canada (AFMC) and the Foreign Credentials Recognition Division of Human Resources and Skills Development Canada (HRSDC).

The National IMG Database project established data-sharing partnership among all agencies that IMGs encounter as they progress towards medical licensure within Canada. The resulting database included information from IMG assessment centres, national medical examination and certification bodies, postgraduate medical education training programs and medical regulatory authorities. The first annual National IMG Database Report was published in 2009.^v The report provided a new and comprehensive statistical overview of the number of IMGs passing Canada’s assessment, training, examination, certification and licensing processes.

With continuing support from its original funders, subsequent reports were published until 2012.^{vi} At that time, funding was not renewed, and the database was not updated. In 2015, the updating of the National IMG Database was assessed. It was noted that regulatory authorities and assessment centres employ different processes to achieve goals related to the evaluation, training, remediation and licensing of IMGs. Likewise, the terms used to describe these activities and outcomes are not standardized. This generated difficulties in establishing equivalencies among datasets for the earlier reports and limited the pooling of certain data elements, affecting the capacity to present general findings.

Until terminology related to assessment and licensure becomes more standardized, the CAPER Committee has decided to re-establish a more streamlined and manageable version of the National IMG

Database. This revised database draws on four primary data sources: the Medical Council of Canada (MCC) for national assessment of credentials; CAPER data derived from contributions by all 18 Canadian faculties of medicine; the Canadian Medical Association for the practicing addresses of Canadian Citizen and Permanent Resident (CC/PR) IMGs; and Scott's Business List for the practicing addresses of IMGs in Canada. This updated National IMG Database continues to address the majority of information requests CAPER receives regarding international medical graduates.

New for 2026: CAPER's national dataset now includes Toronto Metropolitan University's School of Medicine, bringing the number of participating Canadian faculties of medicine represented in CAPER reporting from 17 to 18.

ⁱ The final report of the Kirby Senate Committee is available at <https://sencanada.ca/content/sen/committee/372/soci/rep/repoct02vol6-e.htm>

ⁱⁱ The final report of the Romanow Commission is available at <http://publications.gc.ca/collections/Collection/CP32-85-2002E.pdf>

ⁱⁱⁱ Health Canada. (2004). The 2003 Accord on Health Care Renewal: A Progress Report. http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/hcs-sss/delivery-prestation/fptcollab/2004-fmm-rpm/fs-if_01-eng.php

^{iv} Federal/Provincial/Territorial Advisory Committee on Health Delivery and Human Resources. (2004). Report of the Canadian Task Force on Licensure of International Medical Graduates. Archived reference <http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/hcs-sss/pubs/hhrhs/hhr-rhs-conn/2006-hhr-rhs-conn-4-eng.php>

More information available at: http://rcpsc.medical.org/publicpolicy/documents/2008/IMG_Task%20force-poster-FINAL-ENG.pdf

^v National IMG Database Report 2005-2007. https://caper.ca/sites/default/files/pdf/img/2005-2007_CAPER_National_IMG_Database_Report.pdf

^{vi} National IMG Database Report 2012. https://caper.ca/sites/default/files/pdf/img/2012_CAPER_National_IMG_Database_Report.pdf

PRIVACY AND ACCESS TO PERSONAL INFORMATION

CAPER is committed to the highest standards of privacy and protection of personal information. To review the principles that guide CAPER's management of data, please consult our Privacy Policy at <https://caper.ca/protection-personal-information>.

LIMITATIONS OF THE NATIONAL IMG DATABASE

Until such time as the terminology of assessment and licensure is more standardized, it was decided by the CAPER Committee to re-establish a more manageable database with only three main suppliers: MCC for national assessment of credentials, CAPER data for national postgraduate training data and Scott's Business List for the practising address of IMGs in Canada. This new National IMG Database will address most of the requests CAPER receives for information on IMGs. However, it will not be possible to distinguish between those who have undergone a practice ready assessment process to achieve licensure, nor will it be possible to identify those with provisional versus full licensure.

Having all practising IMGs in the database makes this database comprehensive in that, in theory, it encompasses the education, training and practice lifecycle. However, not all records will be linkable across this continuum if their assessment or training periods pre-date submissions from MCC or CAPER.

DEFINITIONS

File specifications for the National IMG Database were developed in accordance with definitions established by CAPER. Following are CAPER's conventional definitions for data submission and reporting. Further explanatory notes precede each Data Provider section of this report.

Fellows

CAPER uses the following definition of the term “fellow”: a post M.D. trainee who is registered with the Postgraduate Medical Education Office of a university faculty of medicine and who, regardless of the source of funding, is pursuing clinical or research training which will NOT be evaluated by the supervising faculty for the purpose of Canadian licensure, or certification by The College of Family Physicians of Canada, the Collège des médecins du Québec or The Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada.

International Medical Graduate (IMG)

In this report, the term ‘international medical graduate’, or IMG, refers to physicians who obtained their initial medical degree (M.D.) outside of Canada. Thus, all international medical graduates, including graduates of U.S. medical schools, are reported as IMGs in this publication.

Legal Status of Trainees

Canadian Citizen / Permanent Resident

Trainee is a citizen of Canada or has been accepted as a landed immigrant and has the right to live and work in Canada.

Visa

Trainees holding a visa permitting employment in Canada temporarily as a post M.D. trainee.

Specialties

For IMGs in postgraduate training (Section B), the speciality refers to the field in which a trainee is enrolled on November 1st of the report year. Several subspecialties have multiple entry points. For example, anaesthesiology, emergency medicine, internal medicine, pediatrics and general surgery all have critical care subspecialties. As individuals move from primary to subspecialty training, CAPER counts them within the subspecialty field that is consistent with their prior training.

For IMGs in practice (Section C), Family Medicine and Emergency Family Medicine physicians are those certified by the College of Family Physicians of Canada or the Collège des médecins du Québec. All other specialties are certified by the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada or the Collège des médecins du Québec.

In both sections, the highest level of specialization or subspecialisation found in an IMG's record takes

precedence.

Years Since M.D. Earned

Years Since M.D. Earned is calculated by subtracting the year the M.D. was granted from the year in which data on an IMG was reported.

Source of Funding

The source of funding is the organization or government agency providing the funding for the position occupied by the trainee. Two main categories are used: “Regular Ministry Funds” refers to funds provided by the appropriate provincial government ministry responsible for training of residents within that province. All other funding sources are grouped as “Other Funds” which includes such sources as ministry funds provided for complementary training by the Quebec Ministry of Health and Social Services, funds for residency training transferred from one province to another and government-funded foundations such as the Alberta Heritage Foundation. It also includes funding from federal government, foreign countries, clinical training site, etc.

REQUEST TO THE NATIONAL IMG DATABASE

Since IMGs are uniquely identified in the database there is great potential for cohort analyses. Anyone interested in conducting this type of research should contact CAPER at caper@afmc.ca or submit a request form online at www.caper.ca

There is additional tabular information on IMGs in the CAPER annual census that can be found at <https://caper.ca/postgraduate-medical-education/annual-census>.

SUMMARY OF SELECT FINDINGS: DATA-DRIVEN INSIGHTS

This section provides a consolidated overview of key insights drawn from the data tables presented throughout the report. It replaces the individual commentary previously included beneath each table, offering a more streamlined and comparative perspective on the most relevant trends, patterns, and observations. By highlighting select findings in one place, this summary aims to support clearer interpretation, reduce redundancy, and enhance the report's overall readability and strategic value.

New for 2026 Reporting

The 2026 National IMG Database Report is the first edition to include data from Toronto Metropolitan University's School of Medicine, increasing the number of participating Canadian faculties of medicine represented in CAPER reporting from 17 to 18. This expansion strengthens the national scope of the database and enhances CAPER's ability to monitor trends in postgraduate medical education across Canada.

SECTION A: IMGs PASSING MEDICAL COUNCIL OF CANADA EXAMS

Overall Growth and Impact of Exam Transition

The number of International Medical Graduates (IMGs) successfully completing the MCCQE Part I increased from 1,412 in 2017 to a record 2,915 in 2024 before declining to 2,400 in 2025 (-17.7%). Despite this decrease, the 2025 total remained 70.0% higher than in 2017 and represented the second-highest annual total reported during the 2017–2025 period. The discontinuation of the MCCEE following 2018 marked a significant shift in examination activity, with annual MCCQE Part I totals remaining above 2,100 candidates since 2019. These trends demonstrate sustained growth in the number of IMGs progressing through Canada's medical licensure pathway.

Country-Level Growth Dynamics in MCCQE Part I Outcomes

Nigeria was the leading source country in 2025, with 329 successful candidates, followed by Ireland (283), Iran (190), Pakistan (143), India (120), the United Kingdom (111), and Saudi Arabia (109). Nigeria demonstrated substantial long-term growth, increasing from 90 successful candidates in 2017 to 329 in 2025. Iran increased from 108 candidates in 2017 to 190 in 2025, while India rose from 64 to 120 during the same period. Emerging source countries continued to gain visibility, including Cameroon (1 to 28), Ghana (2 to 38), and Ukraine (4 to 56). These findings highlight the increasingly diverse international origins of IMGs pursuing Canadian licensure pathways. The relative rankings of source countries should be interpreted in conjunction with Table A3, as positions may vary across reporting years.

Demographic Shifts by Years Since Medical Degree (MD)

The 2025 data highlights continued participation from physicians at all career stages in the MCCQE Part I process. Graduates within two years of earning their MD, remained the largest cohort, accounting for 489 successful candidates (20.4%). At the same time, physicians who completed their medical degree seven or more years earlier represented more than half of all successful candidates. The largest experienced-practitioner cohort was those 10–14 years post-MD, with 437 successful candidates (18.2%), followed by those 7–9 years post-MD (329 candidates; 13.7%). Candidates who passed the examination before earning their medical degree accounted for 317 successful candidates (13.2%), the highest proportion reported during the 2021–2025 period. Physicians who earned their MD 15 or more years earlier accounted for an additional 416 successful candidates (17.3%), demonstrating that the examination continues to attract both emerging and experienced physicians pursuing Canadian licensure pathways.

SECTION B: IMGs IN POST-M.D. TRAINING

Legal Status Trends (2015–2025)

Visa trainees continued to represent the majority of IMG trainees in Canada's post-M.D. training system, accounting for 3,536 trainees (55.4%) in 2025. Growth among Canadian citizen/permanent resident (CC/PR) trainees accelerated in recent years, increasing from 2,214 trainees in 2017 to 2,849 in 2025, representing the highest level reported during the period. Total IMG participation reached a record 6,385 trainees in 2025, reflecting sustained expansion of postgraduate medical training opportunities for both CC/PR and visa trainees.

Provincial Distribution of CC/PR IMGs (2017–2025)

Ontario remained the primary destination for CC/PR IMG trainees, increasing from 1,236 trainees in 2017 to 1,662 in 2025 and accounting for more than half of the national CC/PR IMG population. Growth was also observed in Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Alberta, and Nova Scotia, while Quebec and British Columbia remained relatively stable. Saskatchewan demonstrated one of the strongest proportional increases, growing from 92 trainees in 2017 to 180 in 2025, representing a 95.7% increase over the period. Highlighting the increasing role of IMGs in supporting physician workforce development across Canada.

Faculty Distribution of CC/PR IMG Trainees (2017–2025)

The University of Toronto remained the largest training site for CC/PR IMG trainees, reaching 628 trainees in 2025. Other major centres included McMaster (250), Western (242), Ottawa (234), and the University of British Columbia (222). Significant growth was observed at NOSM University, which increased from 32 trainees in 2017 to 86 in 2025, while Queen's University increased from 94 to 158 trainees over the same period. Reflecting the expansion of CAPER reporting from 17 to 18 Canadian faculties of medicine, Toronto Metropolitan University's School of Medicine was represented in the National IMG Database for the first time in 2025, with 64 CC/PR IMG trainees reported. This expansion strengthens the national scope of CAPER reporting and enhances the ability to monitor postgraduate medical education trends across Canada.

Country of M.D. Degree (2017–2025)

Ireland remained the largest source country for CC/PR IMG trainees in Canadian post-M.D. training programs, with 569 trainees in 2025, followed by Pakistan (328), the United Kingdom (284), Iran (249), India (242), Australia (159), and Nigeria (138). Growth among graduates from India, Pakistan, Iran, and Nigeria contributed to increasing diversity within Canada's IMG training population, while Ireland and the United Kingdom continued to maintain substantial representation. Together, the seven leading source countries accounted for 69.1% of CC/PR IMG trainees, highlighting both the continued importance of traditional source countries and the growing contribution of emerging regions to Canada's physician training pipeline. The relative rankings of source countries should be interpreted in conjunction with Table B4, as positions may vary across reporting years.

Field of Training (2021–2025)

Family Medicine continued to represent the largest field of training among CC/PR IMG trainees and recorded substantial growth between 2021 and 2025. Participation also remained strong in Psychiatry, Pediatrics, Internal Medicine specialties, and Anesthesiology. Among visa trainees, specialty and subspecialty fields of training continued to account for the majority of trainees, reflecting the important role of fellowship and advanced specialty training within Canada's postgraduate medical education system. Growth in Family Medicine and continued participation across a broad range of fields highlight the diversity of postgraduate training pathways pursued by IMGs. Among visa trainees, continued participation

across specialty and fellowship programs underscores the value placed on advanced clinical training opportunities available in Canada.

Years Since M.D. Graduation (2017–2025)

Recent medical graduates continued to represent the largest group of first-year CC/PR IMG trainees entering post-M.D. training programs. In 2025, physicians who had graduated 0–4 years earlier accounted for the largest share of trainees, while substantial numbers were also observed among physicians who had graduated 5–9 years and 10–14 years earlier. Participation remained strong across all years-since-graduation cohorts, indicating that Canadian training programs continue to attract physicians at varying stages of their professional careers.

Gender Distribution by Field (2025)

Female trainees continued to predominate in several major specialties, including Family Medicine (71.0%), Pediatrics (74.0%), Psychiatry (60.5%), and Laboratory Medicine specialties (64.5%). Surgical specialties remained predominantly male (64.9%), while Obstetrics and Gynecology reported the highest proportion of female trainees (83.3%). Ophthalmology also reported a female majority (55.6%). These findings demonstrate that participation patterns varied by specialty, with some fields attracting a greater proportion of female trainees and others remaining predominantly male.

Mean Age by Field (2025)

The average age of IMG trainees remained relatively consistent across most specialty groups, generally ranging between 34 and 36 years. Family Medicine reported an average age of approximately 35 years, consistent with many of the larger specialty groups. Among specialties with sufficient trainee counts (i.e., > 10), average age varied little across fields, with most reporting mean ages within a narrow range. Several smaller fellowships and Areas of Focused Competence (AFC) disciplines reported higher average ages, reflecting participation by physicians with more extensive prior training and clinical experience. The average age difference between the youngest and oldest specialty groups exceeded eight years.

Funding Sources (2017–2025)

Ministry funding for CC/PR trainees continued to increase, reaching 2,329 trainees in 2025, up from 1,880 in 2021, representing a 23.9% increase and the highest level reported during the period. In contrast, visa trainees remained primarily dependent on alternative funding arrangements, with the majority of positions supported through non-ministry funding sources. The continued growth in ministry-funded positions demonstrates sustained investment in integrating IMGs into Canada's physician workforce and supporting physician workforce planning initiatives.

Trainee Rank (2025)

CC/PR trainees remained concentrated in the early years of residency training, particularly PGY-1 (905 trainees) and PGY-2 (700 trainees), reflecting their progression through Canadian certification pathways. Visa trainees continued to be heavily represented at the fellowship level, with 2,758 fellows recorded in 2025, representing approximately 78.0% of all visa trainees. The differing rank distributions indicate that CC/PR trainees were concentrated in residency training, whereas visa trainees were more frequently represented at the fellowship level. .

Exits from Post-M.D. Training (November 2024–November 2025)

A total of 2,487 IMG trainees exited post-M.D. training between November 2024 and November 2025, including 795 Canadian citizen/permanent resident (CC/PR) trainees and 1,692 visa trainees. Family Medicine accounted for the largest number of exits among CC/PR trainees, while visa trainees

represented the majority of exits across fellowship and specialty fields of training. These findings demonstrate the continued contribution of IMG training programs to Canada's physician workforce planning efforts and to international postgraduate medical education.

SECTION C: IMGs IN PRACTICE

Methodological Note: Practice Location Availability (2025)

Practice location information was available for 534 physicians, while 196 physicians could not be located through available data sources and were excluded from geographic distribution analyses. The findings presented below are based on the physicians successfully located in practice.

IMG Distribution by Faculty and Province (Exited 2023; Location 2025)

Most IMG physicians who could be located in Canada were practicing in Ontario two years after completing postgraduate training, accounting for 276 physicians (51.7%), followed by British Columbia, Alberta, and Manitoba. The University of Toronto contributed the largest number of IMGs entering practice (196 physicians), followed by the University of British Columbia (79), Western University (44), McMaster University (41), and the University of Ottawa (38). These findings indicate that a substantial proportion of IMG physicians were practicing in the same province in which they completed postgraduate training two years after exiting training.

Practice Location by Type (2025): IMG Practice Patterns

Large urban centres continued to be the dominant practice setting for IMGs, accounting for 451 of 534 identified physicians (84.5%). The University of Toronto reported the highest number of IMGs practicing in large urban centres (139 physicians), followed by the University of British Columbia (60), Western University (42), McMaster University (36), and the University of Ottawa (32). These findings highlight the continued concentration of physicians in Canada's major metropolitan areas.

Rural and Regional Practice Distribution (2025)

Although urban centres remained the most common destination, 76 physicians (14.2%) established practices in towns or rural communities. The University of British Columbia reported the highest number of IMG physicians practicing in rural areas (7 physicians), followed by the University of Toronto (6), the University of Saskatchewan (5), the University of Manitoba (4), McMaster University (4), and the University of Ottawa (3). The University of Saskatchewan and the University of Manitoba demonstrated particularly broad geographic distribution, with 35.8% and 42.8% of their graduates practicing in towns or rural communities, respectively. These findings demonstrate the contribution of IMG graduates to physician supply outside Canada's largest urban centres.

Provincial Retention Patterns (2025)

Several faculties demonstrated particularly strong provincial retention. The University of British Columbia retained 70 of 79 physicians (88.6%) within British Columbia, representing the strongest provincial retention rate among Canadian faculties. The University of Alberta retained 22 of 29 physicians (75.9%) and the University of Calgary retained 18 of 24 physicians (75.0%) within Alberta. Ontario faculties collectively supplied the majority of physicians practicing in Ontario, led by the University of Toronto, which retained 126 of 196 physicians (64.3%) within the province. These findings suggest that postgraduate medical education programs remain an important mechanism for supporting provincial physician retention and physician workforce planning across Canada.

Section A

IMGs PASSING MEDICAL COUNCIL OF CANADA EXAMS

The Medical Council of Canada (MCC) develops and administers examinations to evaluate the competency of physicians. These include the MCC Evaluating Examination (MCCEE) administered to graduates of medical schools not accredited by the Committee of Accreditation of Canadian Medical Schools (CACMS) or the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) in the United States. The last MCCEE was administered on November 11th, 2018. IMGs can now apply directly to the MCCQEI. Historical data on the MCCEE has been maintained in this report. Successful completion of MCC Qualifying Examinations leads to designation as a Licentiate of the Medical Council of Canada (LMCC), which is generally a precondition to medical licensure in Canadian jurisdictions.

IMPORTANT: The MCCQEII were not conducted starting in March 2020 as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. On June 9, 2021, the MCC council made the decision to eliminate the MCCQEII as a requirement for receiving a LMCC designation. Data is retained in this report for historical purposes.

The tables in section A are based on annual datafiles submitted by the Medical Council of Canada. The inclusion criteria to be on the file are someone who has completed their M.D. degree outside Canada and has passed one of the Medical Council of Canada exams (i.e., MCCEE, MCCQEI and/or MCCQEII) or has been exempted from the MCCEE exam.

Key data elements of annual MCC files:

- Name
- MINC (Medical Identification Number of Canada)
- Country of M.D. degree
- Year of M.D. degree
- Passed (or exempted from) MCCEE that year
- Passed (or exempted from) MCCQEI that year
- Passed (or exempted from) MCCQEII that year

Table A1

IMGs PASSING MCC EXAMS*
Report Years 2017 to 2025

Report Year	Passed MCCEE		Passed MCCQE I		Passed MCCQE II		Total Passed Exams	
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
2017	2258	45%	1412	28%	1305	26%	4975	100%
2018	2037	47%	1112	26%	1148	27%	4297	100%
2019	0	0%	2161	75%	738	25%	2899	100%
2020	0	0%	2136	100%	0	0%	2136	100%
2021	0	0%	2339	100%	0	0%	2339	100%
2022	0	0%	2181	100%	0	0%	2181	100%
2023	0	0%	2308	100%	0	0%	2308	100%
2024	0	0%	2915	100%	0	0%	2915	100%
2025	0	0%	2400	100%	0	0%	2400	100%

*This table only contains frequencies for those who passed the exam during the same year it was reported, i.e. if someone wrote their exam in 2014, but it was reported for the first time in 2015, then they were not included in the table.

Annual Number of IMGs Who Passed the MCCQE I (2017-2025)

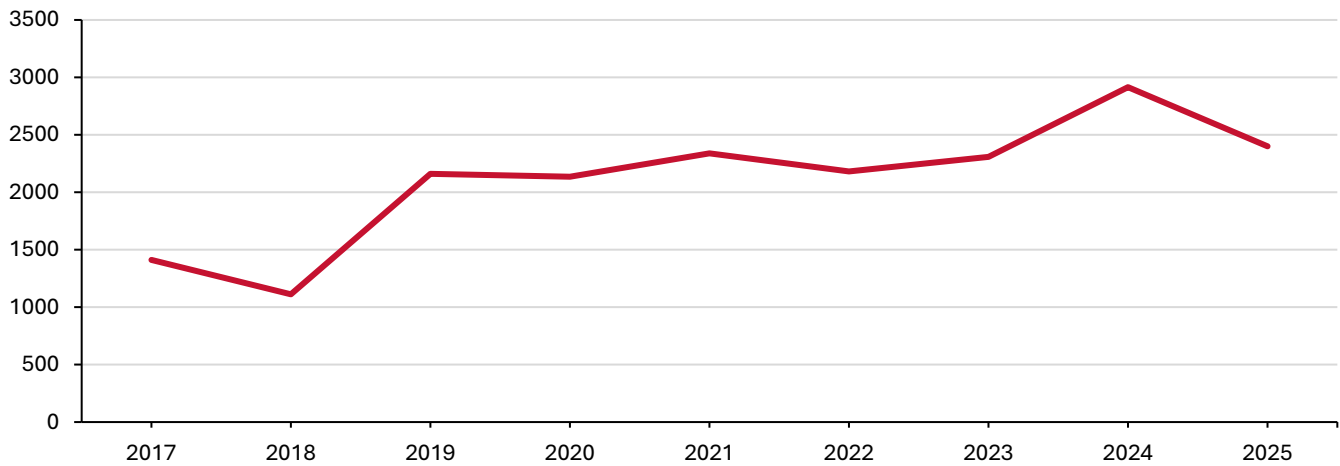


Table A2

IMGs PASSING MCC EXAMS

IMGs who passed MCCEE by country of M.D. degree

Report Years 2015 to 2025

IMPORTANT: The MCCEE exam was discontinued in 2019.

This table has been retained for historical purposes only.

M.D. Country	Passed MCCEE			
	2015	2016	2017	2018
Algeria	9	9	15	17
Anguilla	9	9	12	14
Antigua	13	17	20	15
Argentina	5	3	4	2
Aruba	15	10	4	9
Australia	101	73	65	42
Bahrain	27	22	28	28
Bangladesh	33	35	18	23
Barbados	0	2	2	6
Belgium	3	0	6	4
Brazil	18	27	17	20
Cayman Islands	6	13	7	5
China	32	24	25	21
Colombia	6	10	8	6
Cuba	9	4	10	7
Curacao	9	11	11	7
Czech Republic	6	7	1	2
Democratic Republic Congo	18	22	11	6
Dominica	53	60	40	24
Egypt	101	103	70	41
France	4	5	4	5
Germany	9	7	11	6
Ghana	6	4	3	6
Grenada	70	57	89	53
Haiti	6	11	6	11
Hungary	5	8	6	11
India	164	113	80	84
Iran	180	165	103	88
Iraq	60	48	49	32
Ireland	197	214	228	270
Israel	10	14	21	10
Italy	5	4	7	4
Jamaica	3	7	3	5
Jordan	10	11	8	5
Kuwait	24	30	36	63
Lebanon	8	8	3	8
Libya	95	83	38	27

M.D. Country	Passed MCCEE			
	2015	2016	2017	2018
Malta	0	1	3	10
Mexico	5	4	11	7
Moldova	5	2	4	2
Morocco	5	4	2	6
Netherlands	8	1	4	1
New Zealand	7	3	7	4
Nigeria	155	138	120	91
Oman	52	42	25	59
Pakistan	154	150	117	83
Peru	0	5	1	2
Philippines	24	26	21	6
Poland	33	25	48	41
Portugal	6	0	0	0
Qatar	2	3	2	5
Romania	5	6	5	8
Russia	17	21	9	9
Saba	70	106	78	50
Saint Kitts and Nevis	85	66	82	56
Saint Lucia	10	11	6	8
Saint Vincent And The Grenadines	13	17	15	8
Saudi Arabia	241	194	247	254
Serbia and Montenegro	5	0	4	5
Sint Maarten	26	18	25	12
South Africa	101	84	57	49
Sri Lanka	11	3	3	2
Sudan	18	21	12	14
Switzerland	7	1	1	2
Syrian Arab Republic	12	18	21	24
Taiwan	2	7	0	1
Trinidad and Tobago	0	3	3	5
Tunisia	4	7	8	10
Turkey	5	5	5	5
Ukraine	12	11	7	5
United Arab Emirates	15	30	41	49
United Kingdom	126	103	105	92
United States of America	11	14	17	11
Venezuela	10	7	3	3
Yemen	1	3	2	8
Other Countries*	75	67	68	43
Total	2667	2477	2258	2037

* Countries where the number was less than 5 in all of the years presented above.

Table A3

IMGs PASSING MCC EXAMS

IMGs who passed MCCQE1 by country of M.D. degree

Report Years 2016 to 2024

M.D. Country	Passed MCCQE1								
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Afghanistan	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	3	6
Algeria	6	6	12	19	27	17	17	34	25
Anguilla	4	5	12	9	4	3	6	3	3
Antigua	10	9	16	16	17	12	8	7	6
Argentina	1	1	1	3	3	6	5	7	9
Aruba	8	1	10	10	7	12	5	7	7
Australia	42	41	85	52	81	105	85	95	87
Austria	2	5	1	2	1	1	0	0	2
Bahrain	8	9	15	27	30	29	15	26	18
Bangladesh	19	8	24	25	22	19	17	20	16
Barbados	0	3	1	1	3	2	2	6	6
Belarus	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	6	3
Belgium	0	3	6	5	3	1	4	3	3
Belize	1	0	1	1	7	0	3	3	5
Brazil	11	8	25	21	26	29	45	40	36
Cameroon	1	0	2	3	2	2	5	20	28
Cayman Islands	9	1	8	6	4	3	5	0	0
China	14	9	26	29	41	45	45	49	34
Colombia	5	2	7	6	7	17	15	21	8
Cuba	5	1	3	5	7	4	4	6	12
Curacao	5	3	10	16	14	11	11	8	9
Czech Republic	6	2	2	1	2	3	6	2	5
Democratic Republic Congo	5	4	4	6	8	8	3	6	8
Dominica	29	20	42	20	32	18	7	4	10
Egypt	67	33	57	48	49	45	46	43	27
Ethiopia	2	1	2	3	1	4	6	6	8
France	2	3	3	4	3	2	6	5	10
Georgia	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	3	9
Germany	8	1	5	6	3	8	8	4	4
Ghana	2	2	7	5	10	6	19	29	38
Grenada	43	30	92	61	48	53	42	27	31
Haiti	7	4	3	4	2	1	3	6	10
Hungary	2	6	6	10	11	5	7	12	6
India	64	54	92	117	101	81	121	151	120
Iran	108	58	135	109	110	81	109	224	190
Iraq	51	27	30	28	27	14	17	13	13
Ireland	153	162	331	262	272	248	243	247	283
Israel	10	8	12	17	12	10	8	16	7
Italy	2	0	1	2	5	1	8	3	1
Jamaica	2	2	7	7	7	7	10	16	12
Jordan	4	3	6	13	10	8	7	9	4
Kenya	2	0	0	2	2	1	3	11	6

M.D. Country	Passed MCCQE1								
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Kuwait	4	3	18	30	39	58	25	26	13
Lebanon	4	2	6	10	18	10	13	15	13
Libya	28	25	24	27	36	59	57	56	56
Malaysia	0	0	1	2	1	1	2	3	9
Mexico	5	3	5	10	13	15	17	19	14
Morocco	5	0	2	7	7	7	10	5	8
Nepal	2	0	6	2	4	3	2	5	1
Netherlands	3	1	2	3	4	5	3	4	3
New Zealand	2	2	8	5	3	4	5	5	2
Nigeria	90	88	133	147	230	220	285	512	329
Oman	11	2	9	17	17	19	14	9	17
Pakistan	84	48	89	111	126	101	106	161	143
Palestinian Authority	0	0	1	5	1	1	4	1	3
Philippines	9	11	10	14	18	21	35	38	32
Poland	20	18	45	46	38	29	16	16	14
Qatar	1	0	0	6	9	2	3	0	2
Romania	2	4	4	6	10	3	4	7	4
Russia	7	5	7	11	8	7	14	16	15
Rwanda	0	0	2	0	2	1	5	2	3
Saba	47	29	67	41	37	32	15	9	9
Saint Kitts and Nevis	54	36	62	76	38	39	38	29	16
Saint Lucia	6	3	7	4	2	4	1	2	2
Saint Vincent And The Grenadines	9	6	15	14	14	17	12	11	11
Saudi Arabia	39	36	43	117	128	165	182	215	109
Serbia and Montenegro	0	1	5	2	1	0	4	2	2
Sint Maarten	13	12	17	16	24	14	11	5	8
South Africa	36	41	96	85	77	65	49	41	28
South Korea	0	1	1	2	2	1	2	6	8
Spain	1	0	3	2	5	3	5	3	3
Sri Lanka	6	1	4	5	8	3	8	8	12
Sudan	17	5	15	19	11	14	17	32	23
Syrian Arab Republic	10	10	23	13	16	5	7	19	11
Trinidad and Tobago	3	6	5	1	7	3	6	3	9
Tunisia	6	7	9	7	5	7	9	8	8
Turkey	1	1	1	10	12	6	9	18	16
Uganda	1	0	2	0	0	1	1	5	4
Ukraine	4	1	18	15	16	12	25	60	56
United Arab Emirates	4	3	20	34	50	35	42	38	27
United Kingdom	78	86	165	125	150	135	158	193	111
United States of America	48	48	60	58	66	56	41	21	32
Venezuela	6	3	3	2	3	5	6	7	4
Vietnam	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	4	5
Yemen	1	2	0	5	3	2	2	4	4
Zimbabwe	0	1	0	3	2	5	5	2	3
Other Countries*	24	25	42	37	54	60	52	69	73
Total	1412	1112	2161	2136	2339	2181	2308	2915	2400

* Countries where the number was less than 5 in all of the years presented above.

Table A4

IMGs PASSING MCC EXAMS

IMGs who passed MCCQEII by country of M.D. degree
Report Years 2015 to 2025

M.D. Country	Passed MCCQEII				
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Algeria	3	5	12	5	3
Antigua	6	6	7	5	6
Aruba	3	2	1	5	4
Australia	35	43	43	52	37
Bahrain	4	3	9	3	4
Bangladesh	4	19	16	14	6
Brazil	3	5	6	8	1
Cayman Islands	3	5	6	4	5
China	7	7	11	13	7
Colombia	3	4	7	4	4
Cuba	1	4	5	2	1
Curacao	0	0	1	1	5
Democratic Republic Congo	0	5	2	7	1
Dominica	18	29	25	21	20
Egypt	38	47	94	56	21
Germany	3	3	5	2	3
Grenada	27	44	50	35	31
Hungary	0	2	2	6	4
India	18	51	72	50	19
Iran	57	69	135	78	14
Iraq	18	23	39	30	11
Ireland	63	104	129	131	121
Israel	1	4	5	5	6
Jordan	4	1	5	6	2
Lebanon	0	3	5	6	2
Libya	2	12	17	25	10
Mexico	1	3	3	5	0
New Zealand	1	2	1	6	2
Nigeria	24	49	88	81	48
Oman	2	1	4	8	3
Pakistan	30	42	66	46	25
Philippines	2	6	10	9	4
Poland	11	19	20	10	16
Romania	4	4	6	2	3
Russia	6	10	8	10	5
Saba	28	48	42	40	24
Saint Kitts and Nevis	20	36	36	40	26
Saint Lucia	1	1	5	4	4
Saint Vincent And The Grenadines	2	2	6	3	5
Saudi Arabia	29	27	41	31	28

M.D. Country	Passed MCCQEII				
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Serbia and Montenegro	0	1	5	2	1
Sint Maarten	5	6	6	10	6
South Africa	25	42	54	40	28
Sri Lanka	7	9	11	4	2
Sudan	2	2	6	8	2
Syrian Arab Republic	1	3	7	6	7
Tunisia	3	5	4	4	1
Ukraine	3	5	8	1	3
United Arab Emirates	1	4	0	5	3
United Kingdom	47	52	61	100	64
United States of America	19	34	33	41	42
Other Countries*	21	43	65	58	38
Total	616	956	1305	1148	738

* Countries where the number was less than 5 in all of the years presented above.

Table A5

IMGs PASSING MCC EXAMS
Gender of those who passed MCC exams
Report Years 2017 to 2025

MCC Exam		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Passed MCCEE	Female	1098	1034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	1160	1003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	2258	2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Passed MCCQEI	Female	696	556	1141	1183	1261	1126	1237	1557	1298
	Male	716	556	1020	953	1078	1055	1071	1358	1102
	Total	1412	1112	2161	2136	2339	2181	2308	2915	2400
Passed MCCQEII	Female	602	549	369	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	703	599	369	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	1305	1148	738	0	0	0	0	0	0

Percentage passing MCCQEI by gender

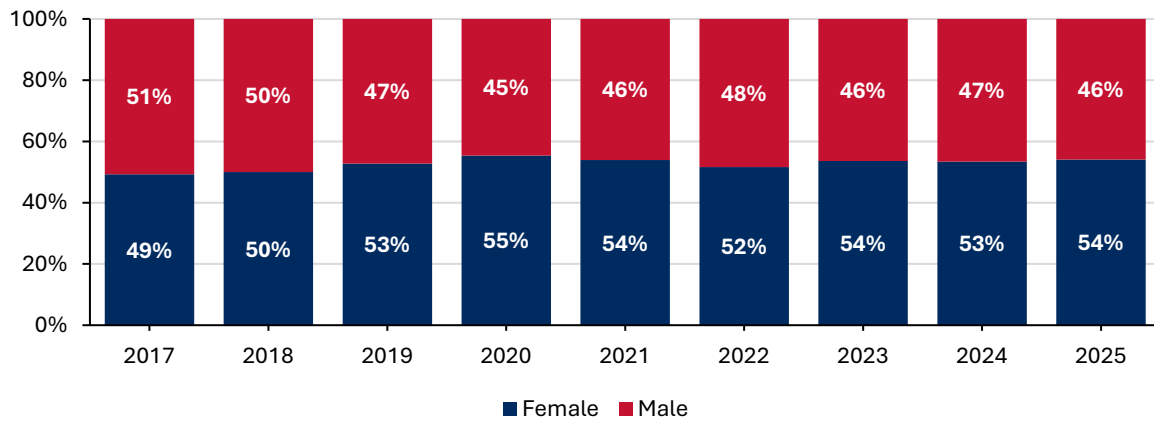


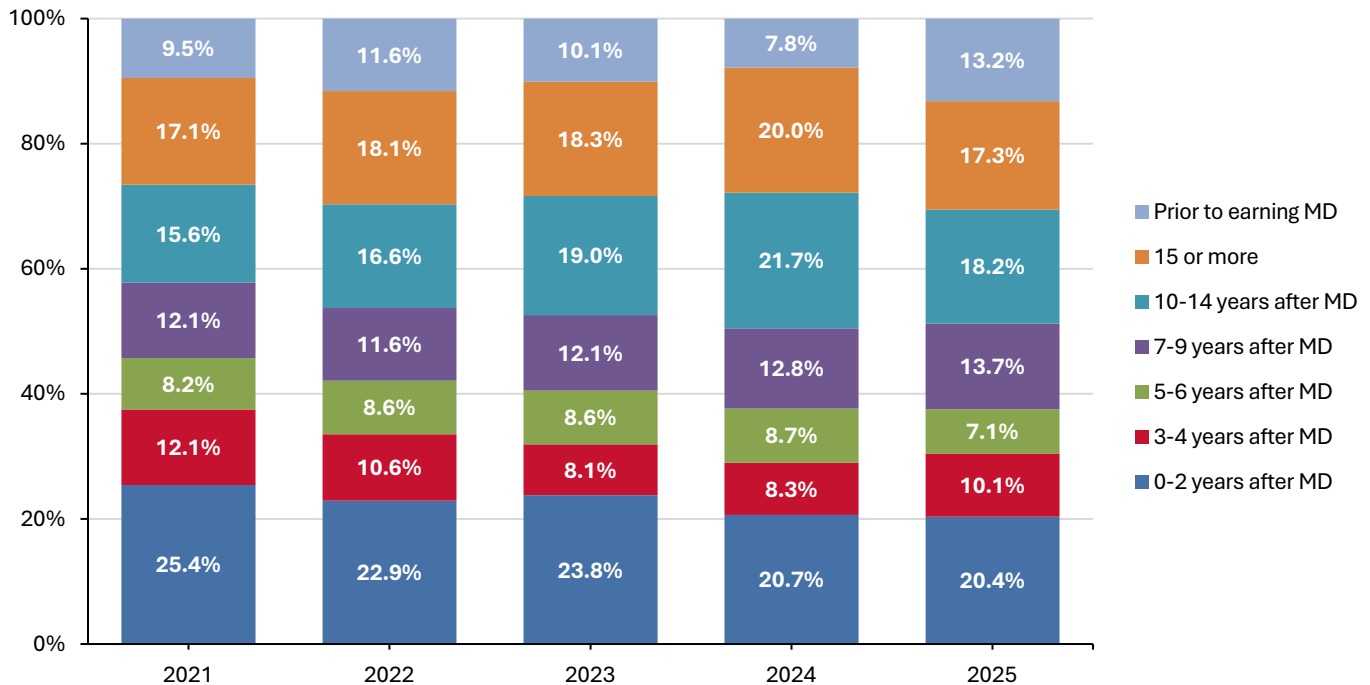
Table A6

IMGs PASSING MCC EXAMS*

IMGs by years since M.D. earned and by exam passed
Report Years 2021 to 2025

MCC Exam		2021		2022		2023		2024		2025	
		#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Passed MCCQE1	0-2 years	595	25.4%	500	22.9%	549	23.8%	602	20.7%	489	20.4%
	3-4 years	282	12.1%	232	10.6%	188	8.1%	243	8.3%	242	10.1%
	5-6 years	192	8.2%	187	8.6%	198	8.6%	253	8.7%	170	7.1%
	7-9 years	283	12.1%	253	11.6%	279	12.1%	373	12.8%	329	13.7%
	10-14 years	366	15.6%	362	16.6%	439	19.0%	633	21.7%	437	18.2%
	15-19 years	225	9.6%	223	10.2%	236	10.2%	324	11.1%	210	8.8%
	20-24 years	115	4.9%	110	5.0%	119	5.2%	160	5.5%	122	5.1%
	25-39 years	59	2.5%	61	2.8%	66	2.9%	97	3.3%	84	3.5%
	40 + years	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.1%	0	0.0%
	Passed prior to earning MD	222	9.5%	252	11.6%	233	10.1%	228	7.8%	317	13.2%
	Total	2339	100.0%	2181	100.0%	2308	100.0%	2915	100.0%	2400	100.0%

Distribution of examinees who passed MCCQE1 by years since MD



Section B

IMGs IN POST-M.D. TRAINING

The Canadian Post-M.D. Education Registry (CAPER) is a longitudinal database of postgraduate trainees based on annual files submitted by the 17 Canadian faculties of medicine since 1988. To be included in the database, the individual trainees must have completed their medical degree either in Canada or in another country (international medical graduate) and are enrolled in postgraduate training at any rank level or as a fellow. A fellow is defined as a trainee who, regardless of the source of funding, is pursuing clinical or research training which will not be evaluated by the supervising faculty for the purpose of Canadian licensure or certification by the College of Family Physicians of Canada, the Collège des Médecins du Québec or the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada.

Unless otherwise indicated the counts shown on tables of Section B are as of November of each year.

Key data elements of the annual CAPER files:

- Name
- MINC (Medical Identification Number of Canada)
- Field of training (specialty)
- Rank level of training
- Faculty of post-M.D. training
- School of MD degree
- Country of MD degree
- Year of MD degree
- Legal status
- Source of funding
- Gender
- Age

Table B1

IMGs IN POST-M.D. TRAINING Legal status for years 2015 to 2025

Report Year	Canadian citizens/ permanent residents		Visa Trainees		Total	
	#	%	#	%	#	%
2015	2262	49.9%	2270	50.1%	4532	100.0%
2016	2280	50.2%	2266	49.8%	4546	100.0%
2017	2214	49.0%	2301	51.0%	4515	100.0%
2018	2200	47.9%	2393	52.1%	4593	100.0%
2019	2159	48.3%	2315	51.7%	4474	100.0%
2020	2110	48.2%	2266	51.8%	4376	100.0%
2021	2059	43.9%	2631	56.1%	4690	100.0%
2022	2103	41.4%	2972	58.6%	5075	100.0%
2023	2271	42.0%	3140	58.0%	5411	100.0%
2024	2529	42.2%	3458	57.8%	5987	100.0%
2025	2849	44.6%	3536	55.4%	6385	100.0%

Legal status for years 2015 to 2025

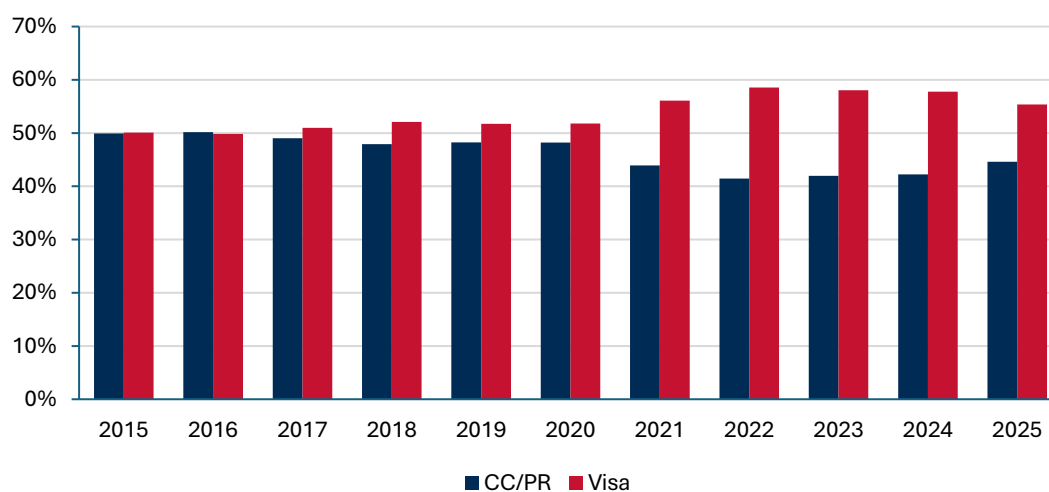


Table B2

IMGs IN POST-M.D. TRAINING

Canadian citizens/permanent residents* by province and faculty

Report Years 2017 to 2025

Faculty and Province	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Memorial University of Newfoundland	38	27	13	23	24	23	29	42	34
Newfoundland & Labrador	38	27	13	23	24	23	29	42	34
Dalhousie University	52	46	46	48	41	42	46	64	81
Nova Scotia	52	46	46	48	41	42	46	64	81
Université Laval	49	41	35	25	31	27	42	44	34
Université de Sherbrooke	26	21	24	17	17	21	19	20	21
Université de Montréal	77	51	51	98	52	69	59	66	68
McGill University	90	98	98	116	112	95	104	93	91
Quebec	242	211	208	256	212	212	224	223	214
University of Ottawa	192	195	203	186	189	184	214	216	234
Queen's University	94	94	96	100	92	86	100	127	158
University of Toronto	533	565	570	523	548	555	570	587	628
McMaster University	208	206	192	179	179	171	187	232	250
Western University	177	187	178	186	177	180	197	214	242
NOSM University	32	34	27	26	27	34	60	72	86
Toronto Metropolitan University	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	64
Ontario	1236	1281	1266	1200	1212	1210	1328	1448	1662
University of Manitoba	113	112	103	90	90	100	119	151	175
Manitoba	113	112	103	90	90	100	119	151	175
University of Saskatchewan	92	88	93	93	108	117	123	141	180
Saskatchewan	92	88	93	93	108	117	123	141	180
University of Alberta	113	124	124	120	107	105	118	129	142
University of Calgary	114	116	109	98	95	95	96	115	139
Alberta	227	240	233	218	202	200	214	244	281
University of British Columbia	214	195	197	182	170	199	188	216	222
British Columbia	214	195	197	182	170	199	188	216	222
Canada	2214	2200	2159	2110	2059	2103	2271	2529	2849

* Excludes visa trainees

Canadian citizen/permanent residents* by province (2017 to 2025)

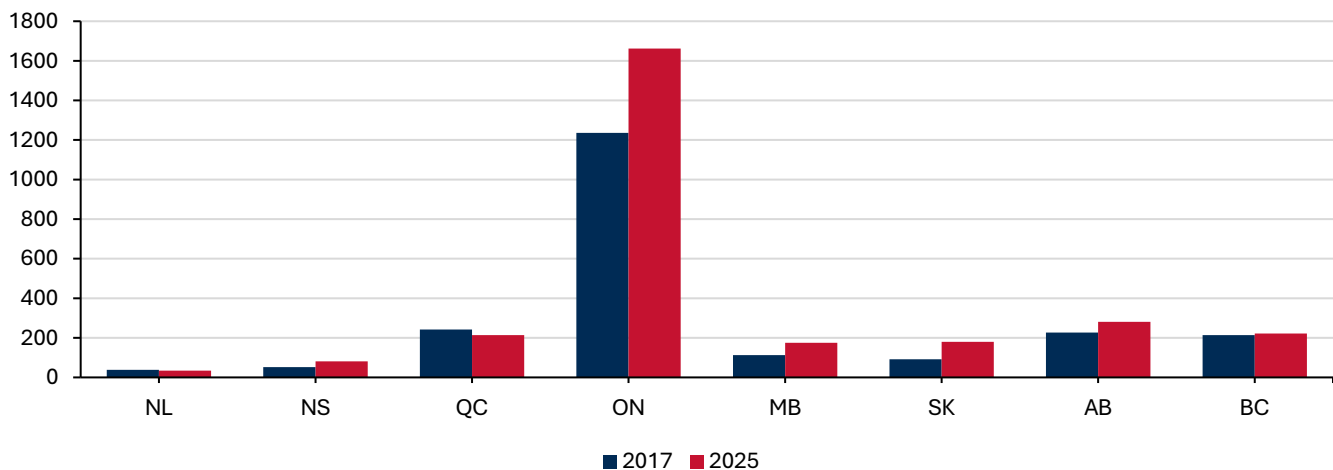


Table B3

IMGs IN POST-M.D. TRAINING

Canadian citizens/permanent resident* IMG residents and fellows by faculty of post-M.D. training
Report Years 2017 to 2025

Faculty		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Memorial University of Newfoundland	Residents	38	26	12	23	24	23	29	42	34
	Fellows	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	38	27	13	23	24	23	29	42	34
Dalhousie University	Residents	51	46	46	48	41	39	45	62	81
	Fellows	1	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	0
	Total	52	46	46	48	41	42	46	64	81
Université Laval	Residents	48	39	32	24	30	27	41	43	34
	Fellows	1	2	3	1	1	0	1	1	0
	Total	49	41	35	25	31	27	42	44	34
Université de Sherbrooke	Residents	25	21	24	17	17	21	19	20	21
	Fellows	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	26	21	24	17	17	21	19	20	21
Université de Montréal	Residents	54	49	48	45	40	43	47	51	55
	Fellows	23	2	3	53	12	26	12	15	13
	Total	77	51	51	98	52	69	59	66	68
McGill University	Residents	80	86	90	95	99	84	97	87	82
	Fellows	10	12	8	21	13	11	7	6	9
	Total	90	98	98	116	112	95	104	93	91
University of Ottawa	Residents	166	173	165	161	165	157	184	183	194
	Fellows	26	22	38	25	24	27	30	33	40
	Total	192	195	203	186	189	184	214	216	234
Queen's University	Residents	91	93	92	94	87	79	92	123	154
	Fellows	3	1	4	6	5	7	8	4	4
	Total	94	94	96	100	92	86	100	127	158
University of Toronto	Residents	345	347	347	341	341	346	330	339	381
	Fellows	188	218	223	182	207	209	240	248	247
	Total	533	565	570	523	548	555	570	587	628
McMaster University	Residents	176	164	153	144	144	134	151	192	213
	Fellows	32	42	39	35	35	37	36	40	37
	Total	208	206	192	179	179	171	187	232	250
Western University	Residents	150	152	142	156	152	142	160	184	206
	Fellows	27	35	36	30	25	38	37	30	36
	Total	177	187	178	186	177	180	197	214	242
NOSM University	Residents	32	34	27	26	26	34	59	72	86
	Fellows	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
	Total	32	34	27	26	27	34	60	72	86
Toronto Metropolitan University	Residents	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	64
	Fellows	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	64

Faculty		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
University of Manitoba	Residents	109	106	99	86	86	92	117	145	164
	Fellows	4	6	4	4	4	8	2	6	11
	Total	113	112	103	90	90	100	119	151	175
University of Saskatchewan	Residents	92	87	92	93	108	117	123	136	171
	Fellows	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	5	9
	Total	92	88	93	93	108	117	123	141	180
University of Alberta	Residents	92	100	103	96	93	83	103	115	126
	Fellows	21	24	21	24	14	22	15	14	16
	Total	113	124	124	120	107	105	118	129	142
University of Calgary	Residents	81	85	79	76	67	67	76	95	114
	Fellows	33	31	30	22	28	28	20	20	25
	Total	114	116	109	98	95	95	96	115	139
University of British Columbia	Residents	178	165	160	165	158	153	161	184	186
	Fellows	36	30	37	17	12	46	27	32	36
	Total	214	195	197	182	170	199	188	216	222
All faculties	Residents	1808	1773	1711	1690	1678	1641	1834	2073	2366
	Fellows	406	427	448	420	381	462	437	456	483
	Total	2214	2200	2159	2110	2059	2103	2271	2529	2849

* Excludes visa trainees

Table B4

IMGs IN POST-M.D. TRAINING

Canadian citizens/permanent residents* by country of M.D. degree

Report Years 2017 to 2025

M.D. Country	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Algeria	22	17	22	20	24	28	31	38	39
Anguilla	3	6	8	8	5	7	6	9	13
Antigua	16	12	12	7	6	7	9	11	10
Argentina	6	3	4	4	5	10	11	11	12
Aruba	10	11	7	5	8	10	13	13	17
Australia	155	151	115	105	93	87	112	132	157
Austria	2	5	4	3	4	5	5	2	0
Bahrain	6	9	17	19	18	24	27	30	32
Bangladesh	11	16	13	11	9	9	12	20	38
Barbados	1	5	7	9	11	13	10	11	16
Belgium	4	1	1	2	4	7	4	5	2
Belize	7	4	3	3	2	3	4	4	4
Bonaire	7	7	7	4	4	0	0	0	0
Brazil	28	35	38	32	29	42	47	65	73
Cameroon	1	0	1	2	3	5	3	4	14
Cayman Islands	8	7	4	6	6	3	2	2	2
China	29	31	29	26	23	24	25	39	43
Colombia	30	28	21	19	16	15	27	23	20
Cuba	6	4	6	4	3	2	3	5	8
Curacao	2	4	5	7	11	10	12	13	15
Czech Republic	3	3	4	3	1	1	2	6	6
Democratic Republic Congo	5	4	2	1	2	4	5	3	1
Dominica	44	44	35	31	32	26	21	24	27
Egypt	104	99	96	81	78	90	90	82	83
Ethiopia	1	2	1	0	0	1	2	5	10
France	14	7	4	17	6	7	3	4	7
Germany	19	9	10	11	9	5	5	6	7
Ghana	0	1	1	1	2	5	6	9	12
Greece	7	5	5	6	4	1	1	0	0
Grenada	64	59	65	65	65	53	49	40	35
Guyana	3	4	5	4	5	3	3	1	3
Haiti	5	9	9	10	8	2	1	1	1
Hungary	12	18	12	12	14	8	9	13	16
India	89	90	87	79	90	99	102	125	160
Iran	140	138	137	124	118	120	137	148	161
Iraq	37	35	28	16	14	12	18	16	14
Ireland	384	433	449	465	497	524	519	533	569
Israel	16	14	18	18	12	17	18	18	25
Italy	3	4	3	5	4	6	7	6	5
Jamaica	8	6	7	5	6	4	7	10	13
Jordan	14	12	14	9	8	10	11	14	12
Kenya	0	1	0	1	1	3	3	8	12
Kuwait	3	4	4	5	6	8	6	5	8
Lebanon	20	14	12	20	19	24	21	26	27
Libya	11	8	8	6	3	5	6	3	7
Mexico	13	12	12	13	14	18	20	18	23
Moldova	5	2	5	3	4	3	2	4	4
Morocco	9	13	11	5	5	4	12	14	16
Nepal	3	4	3	1	1	2	2	5	5
New Zealand	8	7	6	5	2	2	2	1	3
Nigeria	18	20	23	21	32	54	76	111	140

M.D. Country	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Pakistan	62	67	72	59	58	64	92	124	170
Palestinian Authority	0	0	3	3	3	7	7	5	5
Peru	1	0	0	0	0	3	3	4	9
Philippines	12	12	10	15	15	17	20	32	46
Poland	45	40	48	55	57	44	50	51	41
Romania	16	11	11	10	12	11	11	7	6
Russia	20	17	13	16	11	9	13	14	19
Saba	83	73	73	64	44	37	30	23	19
Saint Kitts and Nevis	52	45	49	50	54	38	40	46	45
Saint Lucia	11	11	9	7	7	5	6	4	5
Saint Vincent And The Grenadines	8	7	6	9	6	10	11	16	16
Saudi Arabia	32	41	35	37	36	37	45	43	44
Serbia and Montenegro	8	6	7	7	5	4	1	2	2
Sint Eustatius	7	7	5	1	0	0	0	0	0
Sint Maarten	11	9	9	7	7	6	5	5	8
South Africa	15	14	16	19	13	11	9	9	14
Spain	5	4	3	4	6	3	3	1	1
Sri Lanka	8	8	9	8	4	5	8	6	11
Sudan	3	6	10	9	8	10	12	14	12
Switzerland	4	5	5	8	3	1	4	2	3
Syrian Arab Republic	22	22	26	28	24	21	21	21	15
Trinidad and Tobago	7	5	4	6	6	4	6	5	7
Tunisia	12	16	10	12	15	12	9	13	13
Turkey	5	3	3	3	3	5	8	13	12
Ukraine	12	13	11	9	10	10	19	26	31
United Arab Emirates	9	9	13	12	10	17	20	19	23
United Kingdom	150	138	131	140	134	130	127	150	166
United States of America	111	112	105	112	100	91	88	88	72
Venezuela	7	5	6	4	8	9	10	12	11
Yemen	3	4	2	4	5	4	3	7	5
Other Countries**	57	53	55	53	49	46	61	71	91
Total	2214	2200	2159	2110	2059	2103	2271	2529	2849

* Excludes visa trainees

**Countries where the number of CC/PR trainees was less than 5 in all of the years presented above.

Table B4i

IMGs IN POST-M.D. TRAINING

Top ten countries of M.D. degree for Canadian citizen/permanent resident trainees

Selected Report Years 2017 to 2025 - Top Ten countries by volume of IMGs

2017		2020		2023		2024		2025	
Top 10 Countries	# IMGs	Top 10 Countries	# IMGs	Top 10 Countries	# IMGs	Top 10 Countries	# IMGs	Top 10 Countries	# IMGs
Ireland	384	Ireland	465	Ireland	519	Ireland	533	Ireland	569
Australia	155	United Kingdom	140	Iran	137	United Kingdom	150	Pakistan	170
United Kingdom	150	Iran	124	United Kingdom	127	Iran	148	United Kingdom	166
Iran	140	USA	112	Australia	112	Australia	132	Iran	161
USA	111	Australia	105	India	102	India	125	India	160
Egypt	104	Egypt	81	Pakistan	92	Pakistan	124	Australia	157
India	89	India	79	Egypt	90	Nigeria	111	Nigeria	140
Saba	83	Grenada	65	USA	88	USA	88	Egypt	83
Grenada	64	Saba	64	Nigeria	76	Egypt	82	Brazil	73
Pakistan	62	Pakistan	59	Poland	50	Brazil	65	USA	72

Years 2017 to 2025 - Selected countries

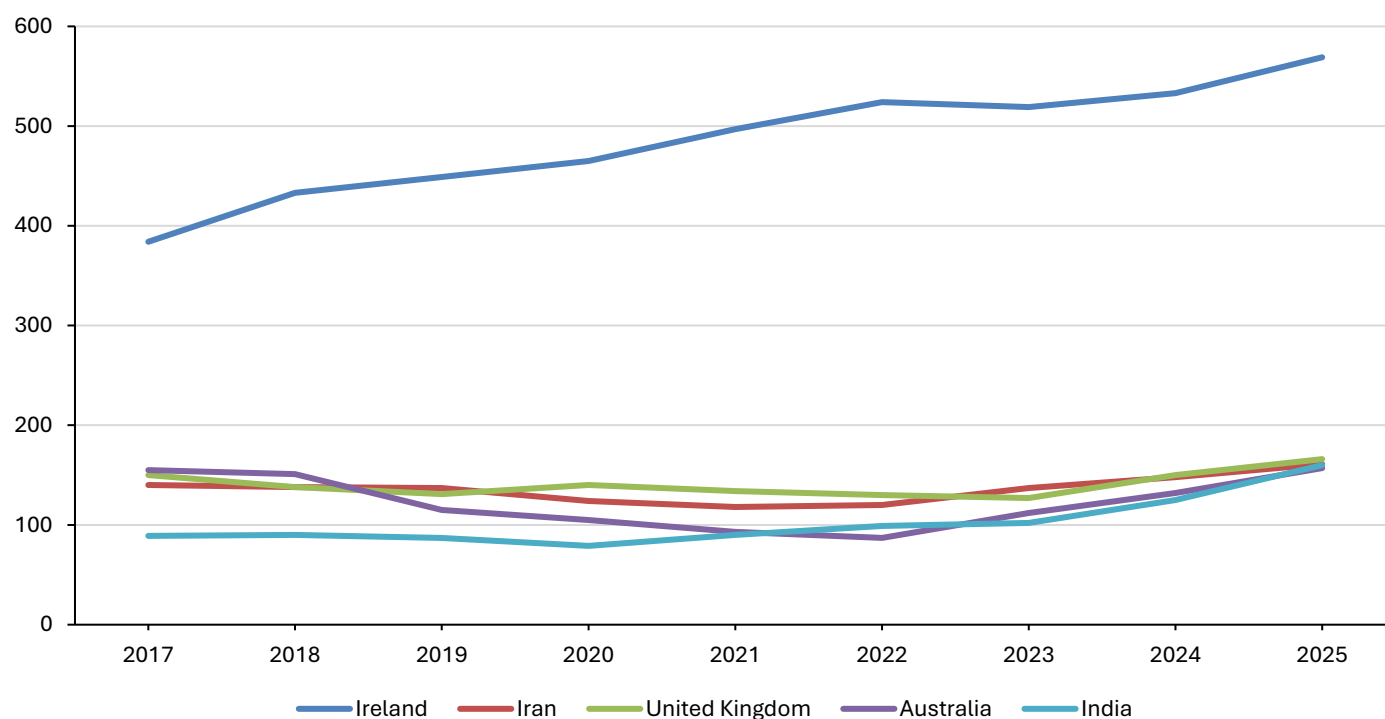


Table B4ii

IMGs IN POST-M.D. TRAINING
 Visa trainees by country of M.D. degree
 Report Years 2017 to 2025

M.D. Country	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Algeria	3	5	2	1	1	3	3	2	5
Argentina	19	22	21	25	39	46	40	41	36
Australia	67	62	73	69	63	74	95	109	96
Austria	2	5	9	10	10	4	5	7	10
Bahrain	39	37	32	38	38	50	62	63	69
Barbados	4	2	1	4	4	7	6	8	5
Belgium	22	17	16	30	22	27	29	39	44
Brazil	52	64	78	88	90	94	73	76	83
Chile	20	24	35	27	37	46	36	35	22
China	20	20	16	7	8	13	13	11	11
Colombia	22	16	20	30	41	42	46	49	50
Costa Rica	5	4	7	10	6	11	7	7	4
Cuba	3	3	5	3	3	1	2	4	4
Egypt	29	30	34	27	44	47	49	40	45
Ethiopia	3	5	3	5	4	6	7	9	16
Finland	6	5	4	4	2	2	0	2	3
France	56	59	70	56	64	55	52	59	62
Germany	15	12	13	14	14	9	10	21	18
Ghana	0	2	2	2	3	3	4	6	9
Greece	5	11	10	6	10	9	7	6	8
Guatemala	0	1	1	3	4	5	1	2	2
Guyana	5	2	4	3	4	4	5	2	6
Haiti	1	0	2	3	5	4	2	2	2
Hungary	9	16	17	15	16	17	14	16	15
India	138	147	138	122	138	165	156	151	128
Iran	0	1	2	3	8	7	15	18	23
Ireland	90	99	119	130	146	174	194	191	205
Israel	89	77	81	88	86	91	108	121	122
Italy	26	30	20	24	26	28	36	36	56
Jamaica	15	12	11	6	9	13	19	15	12
Japan	43	34	35	20	31	39	28	22	24
Jordan	15	17	18	24	25	35	29	37	38
Kenya	6	6	11	10	7	12	11	16	12
Kuwait	46	67	79	115	121	133	148	151	148
Lebanon	10	22	21	29	43	42	33	36	35
Libya	1	0	2	1	6	7	7	9	8
Malaysia	3	5	9	6	12	11	18	14	12
Malta	2	4	5	6	9	11	9	11	12
Mexico	26	23	40	50	45	54	46	59	54

M.D. Country	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Moldova	1	1	1	1	2	2	5	3	6
Morocco	6	4	2	1	1	2	1	6	6
Nepal	5	5	5	5	4	7	7	6	10
Netherlands	16	12	13	8	11	15	12	9	16
New Zealand	34	31	31	23	24	19	21	20	18
Nigeria	1	5	10	10	9	9	13	15	13
Oman	95	110	128	115	84	80	94	101	93
Pakistan	17	19	19	25	27	35	34	38	47
Palestinian Authority	4	4	3	4	7	5	6	6	5
Panama	1	0	2	2	3	4	6	2	4
Peru	2	1	2	3	7	9	9	9	6
Philippines	19	15	11	14	26	42	55	71	52
Poland	7	5	6	6	5	3	7	9	13
Portugal	0	3	3	4	4	3	4	6	7
Qatar	4	5	5	5	11	13	11	10	11
Romania	5	1	3	2	4	11	9	6	4
Russia	6	9	8	8	9	8	8	7	12
Rwanda	2	1	2	3	7	6	5	4	6
Saudi Arabia	796	799	599	553	721	798	902	1117	1182
Singapore	8	4	9	9	8	6	11	9	8
South Africa	14	22	24	28	22	29	26	25	19
South Korea	3	9	7	2	2	3	3	5	6
Spain	32	33	36	28	41	39	33	30	32
Sudan	8	6	2	6	6	10	14	13	12
Switzerland	16	17	22	24	22	40	23	35	34
Syrian Arab Republic	6	9	14	10	8	4	4	4	5
Thailand	24	21	22	13	21	26	36	41	35
Trinidad and Tobago	7	6	8	7	3	4	5	7	12
Tunisia	6	5	4	3	2	1	3	7	7
Turkey	8	10	11	12	10	11	12	14	18
Uganda	3	9	6	3	5	8	5	7	6
Ukraine	3	1	2	2	3	6	9	10	10
United Arab Emirates	17	21	24	42	63	79	91	98	106
United Kingdom	126	129	110	88	109	130	127	116	118
United States of America	40	43	41	35	46	40	35	24	20
Venezuela	6	3	0	2	3	6	8	9	5
Yemen	3	7	9	7	7	10	11	7	6
Other Countries*	33	40	45	39	40	48	50	49	52
Total	2301	2393	2315	2266	2631	2972	3140	3458	3536

* Countries where the number of visa trainees was less than 5 in all of the years presented above.

Table B5

IMGs IN POST-M.D. TRAINING

Canadian citizens/permanent residents* by field of post-M.D. training (includes Fellows)

Report Years 2021 to 2025

Field of Training	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Family Medicine	536	532	689	842	1081
Emergency Medicine (CFPC)	11	12	9	17	17
Care of the Elderly (CFPC)	7	3	4	3	6
Enhanced Skills: Anesthesia (CFPC)	1	2	11	8	12
Enhanced Skills: Palliative Care (CFPC)	4	5	7	2	5
Enhanced Skills: Sports Medicine (CFPC)	2	2	5	2	3
Enhanced Skills: Other Fam. Med. Training	17	16	28	23	40
Family Medicine Subtotal	578	572	753	897	1164
Anesthesiology	83	86	84	96	90
Critical Care (Anes.)	1	1	2	1	0
Pain Medicine (Anes.)	2	3	4	6	3
Public Health and Preventive Medicine	21	21	27	37	40
Dermatology	9	10	10	9	10
Diagnostic Radiology	74	69	73	70	67
Interventional Radiology	1	1	1	2	1
Neuroradiology	8	10	5	7	6
Pediatric Radiology	7	7	8	3	6
Emergency Medicine (Royal College)	29	33	30	33	37
Critical Care (Emergency Med.)	2	0	2	2	1
Internal Medicine	208	197	197	206	228
Cardiology (Int.Med.)	62	49	50	51	48
Clinical Immunology and Allergy (Int.Med.)	0	2	4	4	5
Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology (Int.Med.)	3	1	1	2	1
Critical Care (Int.Med)	19	28	28	25	23
Endocrinology and Metabolism (Int.Med.)	10	7	7	7	7
Gastroenterology (Int.Med.)	29	33	28	25	26
General Internal Medicine	25	33	35	40	48
Geriatric Medicine (Int.Med.)	6	9	12	12	10
Hematology (Int.Med.)	10	11	16	23	20
Infectious Diseases (Int.Med.)	6	8	9	12	8
Medical Oncology (Int.Med.)	21	32	30	29	33
Nephrology (Int.Med.)	25	23	22	17	16
Occupational Medicine (Int.Med.)	1	0	0	0	1
Respirology (Int.Med.)	15	14	19	17	10
Rheumatology (Int.Med.)	17	16	15	15	14
Medical Genetics and Genomics	11	17	16	12	14
Neurology	58	63	62	76	82
Neurology (Pediatrics)	8	11	10	11	9
Nuclear Medicine	5	6	5	0	1

Field of Training	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Palliative Medicine	3	5	4	7	6
Pediatrics	75	80	88	99	115
Adolescent Medicine (Ped.)	1	0	1	1	0
Cardiology (Ped.)	9	10	10	7	5
Clinical Immunology and Allergy (Ped.)	0	1	2	2	2
Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology (Ped.)	0	0	0	2	1
Critical Care (Ped.)	7	4	4	5	3
Endocrinology and Metabolism (Ped.)	3	3	3	3	3
Gastroenterology (Ped.)	1	3	5	6	7
Developmental Pediatrics (Ped.)	1	2	2	2	2
Pediatric Emergency Medicine (Ped.)	6	6	8	7	1
Hematology/Oncology (Ped.)	15	12	14	13	12
Infectious Diseases (Ped.)	3	4	3	4	2
Neonatal-Perinatal Medicine (Ped.)	27	35	22	25	26
Nephrology (Ped.)	5	6	3	5	1
Pediatric Palliative Medicine (Ped.)	0	0	1	1	1
Respirology (Ped.)	2	1	0	1	1
Rheumatology (Ped.)	3	5	2	2	0
Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation	13	10	9	13	11
Psychiatry	149	145	150	159	158
Child and Adolescent Psychiatry	10	10	5	8	8
Forensic Psychiatry	1	2	1	0	2
Geriatric Psychiatry	2	3	3	4	6
Radiation Oncology	9	11	7	7	11
Medical Specialties Subtotal	1121	1159	1159	1233	1249
Diagnostic and Molecular Pathology	66	72	71	72	74
Forensic Pathology (Diag. and Molecular Path.)	1	0	0	1	2
Diagnostic and Clinical Pathology	24	22	22	21	22
Forensic Pathology (Diag. and Clinical Path.)	0	1	0	0	0
Hematological Pathology	5	6	5	7	8
Medical Biochemistry	2	2	0	0	1
Medical Microbiology	13	13	17	18	13
Neuropathology	1	1	1	3	3
Lab Medicine Specialties Subtotal	112	117	116	122	123
Cardiac Surgery	12	12	11	11	10
General Surgery	46	43	34	44	44
Colorectal Surgery	0	0	2	2	0
Critical Care (General Surgery)	1	0	0	0	2
General Surgical Oncology	5	2	0	2	2
Pediatric Surgery	7	5	5	6	7
Thoracic Surgery	1	4	4	1	1
Vascular Surgery	2	1	1	0	3
Neurosurgery	16	18	15	15	15
Obstetrics/Gynecology	42	36	34	42	47

Field of Training	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Gynecologic Oncology	0	0	2	4	3
Gynecologic.Rep.Endocrin./Infertility	2	1	4	2	2
Maternal-Fetal Medicine	3	4	3	4	4
Ophthalmology	15	15	18	23	26
Otolaryngology - Head and Neck Surgery	5	7	3	3	8
Orthopedic Surgery	64	66	62	73	79
Plastic Surgery	7	11	12	10	12
Urology	14	14	18	18	20
Surgical Specialties Subtotal	242	239	228	260	285
Acute Care Point of Care Ultrasonography (AFC)	0	0	0	0	1
Addiction Medicine (AFC)	0	1	1	0	1
Adult Cardiac Electrophysiology (AFC)	1	3	3	1	2
Adult Echocardiography (AFC)	2	1	1	2	1
Adult Hepatology (AFC)	0	0	0	0	2
Adult Interventional Cardiology (AFC)	3	7	5	4	2
Adult Thrombosis Medicine (AFC)	0	0	1	1	0
Advanced Heart Failure and Cardiac Transplantation (AFC)	0	0	0	1	0
Clinician Educator (AFC)	0	0	0	5	9
Cytopathology (AFC)	0	1	0	0	0
Pediatric and Perinatal Pathology (AFC)	0	0	1	0	0
Pediatric Urology (AFC)	0	0	0	0	1
Prehospital and Transport Medicine (AFC)	0	0	0	0	1
Retina (AFC)	0	2	1	0	0
Sleep Disorder Medicine (AFC)	0	0	0	1	3
Solid Organ Transplantation (AFC)	0	0	1	0	4
Transfusion Medicine (AFC)	0	0	0	0	1
Trauma General Surgery (AFC)	0	1	1	2	0
Areas of Focused Competence Subtotal	6	16	15	17	28
Total	2059	2103	2271	2529	2849

* Excludes visa trainees

Table B5i

IMGs IN POST-M.D. TRAINING

Visa trainees only by field of post-M.D. training (includes Fellows)

Report Years 2021 to 2025

Field of Training	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Family Medicine	11	10	9	17	12
Care of the Elderly (CFPC)	0	0	0	2	0
Enhanced Skills: Palliative Care (CFPC)	1	1	1	2	2
Enhanced Skills: Sports Medicine (CFPC)	0	0	0	1	0
Enhanced Skills: Other Fam. Med. Training	0	1	3	3	1
Family Medicine Subtotal	12	12	13	25	15
Anesthesiology	166	177	172	185	205
Critical Care (Anes.)	0	2	2	1	1
Pain Medicine (Anes.)	1	3	2	1	1
Transfusion Medicine (Anes.)	2	0	0	0	0
Public Health and Preventive Medicine	0	0	0	2	3
Dermatology	18	20	21	24	31
Diagnostic Radiology	152	166	195	202	198
Interventional Radiology	5	6	6	9	12
Neuroradiology	21	30	28	30	29
Pediatric Radiology	27	24	25	31	23
Emergency Medicine (Royal College)	39	33	37	36	35
Critical Care (Emergency Med.)	1	2	1	1	2
Pediatric Emergency Medicine	1	0	3	2	25
Internal Medicine	112	127	138	138	139
Cardiology (Int.Med.)	122	145	139	138	137
Clinical Immunology and Allergy (Int.Med.)	6	6	6	7	11
Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology (Int.Med.)	0	1	0	0	0
Critical Care (Int.Med.)	74	76	85	92	95
Endocrinology and Metabolism (Int.Med.)	19	27	26	35	37
Gastroenterology (Int.Med.)	60	77	87	87	79
General Internal Medicine	5	16	15	23	23
Geriatric Medicine (Int.Med.)	5	5	10	13	14
Hematology (Int.Med.)	34	53	46	49	61
Infectious Diseases (Int.Med.)	26	25	25	32	37
Medical Oncology (Int.Med.)	66	71	78	92	100
Nephrology (Int.Med.)	70	69	80	105	82
Occupational Medicine (Int.Med.)	1	1	2	2	3
Respirology (Int.Med.)	29	37	32	38	41
Rheumatology (Int.Med.)	18	22	21	30	37
Medical Genetics and Genomics	5	4	7	10	16
Neurology	118	144	146	172	178
Neurology (Pediatrics)	29	32	39	45	44
Nuclear Medicine	7	6	7	11	9
Palliative Medicine	9	13	9	18	14
Pediatrics	72	77	78	78	77
Adolescent Medicine (Ped.)	3	5	4	2	6
Cardiology (Ped.)	31	34	34	39	31
Clinical Immunology and Allergy (Ped.)	10	8	13	15	8
Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology (Ped.)	0	0	0	1	1
Critical Care (Ped.)	34	39	46	53	53
Endocrinology and Metabolism (Ped.)	13	19	12	22	26
Gastroenterology (Ped.)	19	25	25	27	24
Developmental Pediatrics (Ped.)	7	7	7	7	8
Pediatric Emergency Medicine (Ped.)	16	22	23	35	13
Hematology/Oncology (Ped.)	42	49	45	50	57

Field of Training	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Infectious Diseases (Ped.)	9	11	14	15	18
Neonatal-Perinatal Medicine (Ped.)	89	98	98	98	112
Nephrology (Ped.)	15	18	19	23	29
Pediatric Palliative Medicine (Ped.)	0	0	2	2	0
Respirology (Ped.)	11	15	25	22	22
Rheumatology (Ped.)	5	8	14	14	14
Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation	11	9	20	15	17
Psychiatry	30	49	60	67	80
Child and Adolescent Psychiatry	4	7	6	8	8
Forensic Psychiatry	2	1	1	1	3
Geriatric Psychiatry	2	2	1	5	1
Radiation Oncology	48	54	52	62	49
Medical Specialties Subtotal	1721	1977	2089	2322	2379
Diagnostic and Molecular Pathology	22	32	31	46	41
Forensic Pathology (Diag. and Molecular Path.)	2	4	5	0	1
Diagnostic and Clinical Pathology	1	3	3	2	5
Hematological Pathology	4	3	5	4	3
Medical Biochemistry	0	0	1	2	5
Medical Microbiology	4	6	7	5	3
Neuropathology	2	6	2	1	2
Lab Medicine Specialties Subtotal	35	54	54	60	60
Cardiac Surgery	55	54	53	54	68
Thoracic Surgery (Cardiac Surg.)	1	1	0	0	0
Critical Care (Cardiac Surg.)	0	1	0	0	0
General Surgery	104	103	106	119	117
Colorectal Surgery	6	5	5	5	7
Critical Care (General Surgery)	2	1	1	2	0
General Surgical Oncology	6	11	13	9	8
Pediatric Surgery	12	12	12	12	12
Thoracic Surgery	17	22	26	27	31
Vascular Surgery	17	16	15	22	25
Neurosurgery	98	88	80	91	91
Obstetrics/Gynecology	39	44	43	43	46
Gynecologic Oncology	13	15	15	16	17
Gynecologic.Rep.Endocrin./Infertility	9	12	10	13	13
Maternal-Fetal Medicine	28	32	30	26	22
Ophthalmology	75	91	96	95	95
Otolaryngology - Head and Neck Surgery	59	72	65	64	64
Orthopedic Surgery	188	187	209	230	233
Plastic Surgery	36	39	45	51	45
Urology	44	56	63	71	73
Surgical Specialties Subtotal	809	862	887	950	967
Acute Care Point of Care Ultrasonography (AFC)	0	2	1	1	0
Addiction Medicine (AFC)	0	0	0	0	3
Adult Cardiac Electrophysiology (AFC)	17	26	35	33	19
Adult Congenital Heart Disease (AFC)	0	0	0	0	1
Adult Echocardiography (AFC)	4	2	5	9	3
Adult Hepatology (AFC)	3	1	0	0	13
Adult Interventional Cardiology (AFC)	22	26	28	26	31
Adult Thrombosis Medicine (AFC)	1	0	6	10	13
Advanced Heart Failure and Cardiac Transplantation (AFC)	2	0	1	3	0
Child Maltreatment Pediatrics (AFC)	1	0	0	0	0
Clinician Educator (AFC)	0	0	0	1	1
Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplantation and Cellular Therapy (AFC)	0	0	0	0	6
Hyperbaric Medicine (AFC)	0	0	0	1	0
Neonatal Hemodynamics and Targeted Neonatal Echocardiography (AFC)	0	0	2	2	3

Field of Training	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Neuro-intervention (AFC)	0	0	0	0	1
Pediatric Urology (AFC)	0	0	1	1	1
Prehospital and Transport Medicine (AFC)	0	0	1	1	1
Retina (AFC)	0	1	0	0	1
Sleep Disorder Medicine (AFC)	0	0	2	1	3
Solid Organ Transplantation (AFC)	3	6	8	7	13
Transfusion Medicine (AFC)	0	2	3	1	1
Trauma General Surgery (AFC)	1	1	4	4	1
Areas of Focused Competence Subtotal	54	67	97	101	115
Total	2631	2972	3140	3458	3536

Table B6

IMGs IN POST-M.D. TRAINING

Canadian citizen/permanent resident* FIRST YEAR trainees by years since MD graduation

Report Years 2017 to 2025

Years since MD	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
0-4 years	292	287	303	311	290	291	303	369	405
5-9 years	62	79	62	62	65	85	148	167	219
10-14 years	48	52	36	33	54	59	93	100	127
15-19 years	32	40	43	39	25	35	51	47	79
20-24 years	21	9	15	22	16	19	20	29	58
25-29 years	5	8	9	7	7	2	3	5	12
30+ years	4	1	1	1	2	0	1	7	5
Total first year	464	476	469	475	459	491	619	724	905

Excludes visa trainees

Distribution of First Year IMG trainees by years since MD grad
(Canadian citizens/permanent residents)

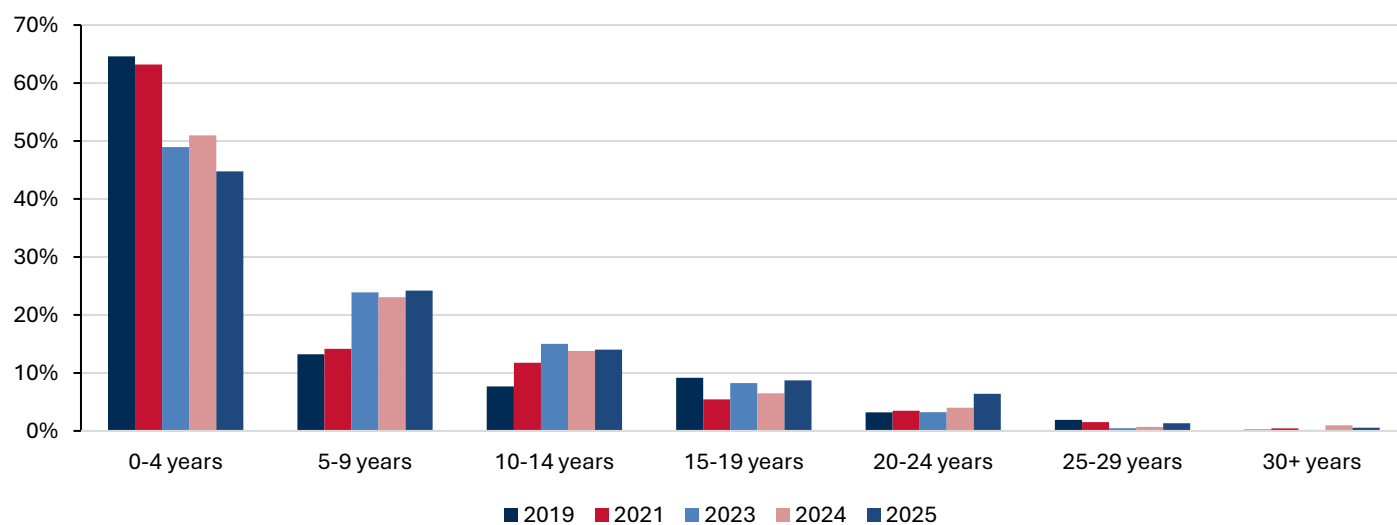


Table B6i

IMGs IN POST-M.D. TRAINING

Canadian citizen/permanent resident* FIRST YEAR trainees by years since MD graduation

Report Years 2017 to 2025

ReportYear	Years since MD graduation			
	Mean	Minimum	Maximum	Median
2017	5.40	0	36	2.00
2018	5.33	0	31	2.00
2019	5.19	0	32	2.00
2020	5.21	0	31	2.00
2021	5.30	0	33	3.00
2022	5.56	0	28	3.00
2023	6.34	0	30	5.00
2024	6.38	0	38	4.00
2025	7.30	0	32	6.00

Mean number of years since MD graduation for first year trainees

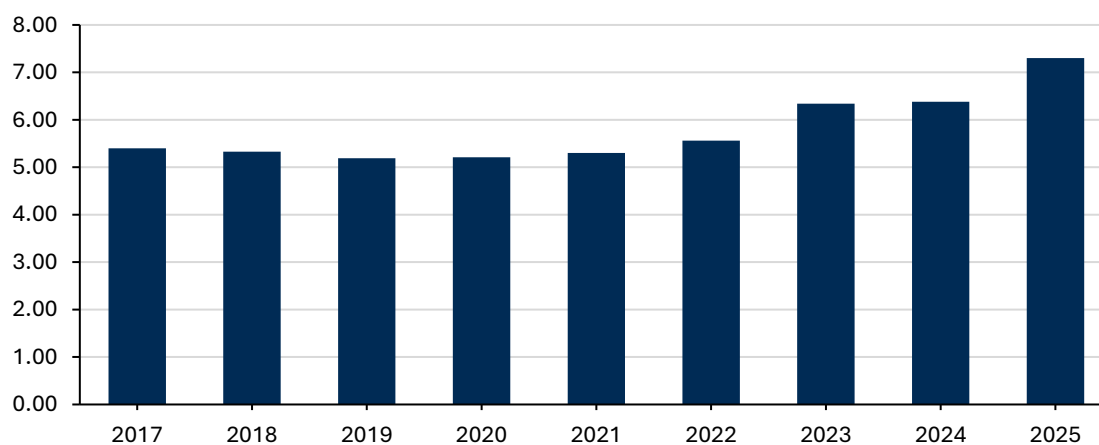


Table B7

IMGs IN POST-M.D. TRAINING
Field of training by gender for all trainees
Report Year 2025

Field of Training	Female		Male		Total	
	#	%	#	%	#	%
Family Medicine	776	71.0%	317	29.0%	1093	100.0%
Emergency Medicine (CFPC)	10	58.8%	7	41.2%	17	100.0%
Care of the Elderly (CFPC)	3	50.0%	3	50.0%	6	100.0%
Enhanced Skills: Anesthesia (CFPC)	4	33.3%	8	66.7%	12	100.0%
Enhanced Skills: Palliative Care (CFPC)	4	57.1%	3	42.9%	7	100.0%
Enhanced Skills: Sports Medicine (CFPC)	0	0.0%	3	100.0%	3	100.0%
Enhanced Skills: Other Fam. Med. Training	27	65.9%	14	34.1%	41	100.0%
Family Medicine Subtotal	824	69.9%	355	30.1%	1179	100.0%
Anesthesiology	139	47.1%	156	52.9%	295	100.0%
Critical Care (Anes.)	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	1	100.0%
Pain Medicine (Anes.)	0	0.0%	4	100.0%	4	100.0%
Public Health and Preventive Medicine	25	58.1%	18	41.9%	43	100.0%
Dermatology	22	53.7%	19	46.3%	41	100.0%
Diagnostic Radiology	114	43.0%	151	57.0%	265	100.0%
Interventional Radiology	2	15.4%	11	84.6%	13	100.0%
Neuroradiology	8	22.9%	27	77.1%	35	100.0%
Pediatric Radiology	13	44.8%	16	55.2%	29	100.0%
Emergency Medicine (Royal College)	33	45.8%	39	54.2%	72	100.0%
Critical Care (Emergency Med.)	0	0.0%	3	100.0%	3	100.0%
Pediatric Emergency Medicine	13	52.0%	12	48.0%	25	100.0%
Internal Medicine	194	52.9%	173	47.1%	367	100.0%
Cardiology (Int.Med.)	48	25.9%	137	74.1%	185	100.0%
Clinical Immunology and Allergy (Int.Med.)	12	75.0%	4	25.0%	16	100.0%
Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology (Int.Med.)	0	0.0%	1	100.0%	1	100.0%
Critical Care (Int.Med)	33	28.0%	85	72.0%	118	100.0%
Endocrinology and Metabolism (Int.Med.)	27	61.4%	17	38.6%	44	100.0%
Gastroenterology (Int.Med.)	36	34.3%	69	65.7%	105	100.0%
General Internal Medicine	44	62.0%	27	38.0%	71	100.0%
Geriatric Medicine (Int.Med.)	16	66.7%	8	33.3%	24	100.0%
Hematology (Int.Med.)	46	56.8%	35	43.2%	81	100.0%
Infectious Diseases (Int.Med.)	26	57.8%	19	42.2%	45	100.0%
Medical Oncology (Int.Med.)	65	48.9%	68	51.1%	133	100.0%
Nephrology (Int.Med.)	39	39.8%	59	60.2%	98	100.0%
Occupational Medicine (Int.Med.)	1	25.0%	3	75.0%	4	100.0%
Respirology (Int.Med.)	23	45.1%	28	54.9%	51	100.0%
Rheumatology (Int.Med.)	33	64.7%	18	35.3%	51	100.0%
Medical Genetics and Genomics	18	60.0%	12	40.0%	30	100.0%

Field of Training	Female		Male		Total	
	#	%	#	%	#	%
Neurology	124	47.7%	136	52.3%	260	100.0%
Neurology (Pediatrics)	35	66.0%	18	34.0%	53	100.0%
Nuclear Medicine	6	60.0%	4	40.0%	10	100.0%
Palliative Medicine	15	75.0%	5	25.0%	20	100.0%
Pediatrics	142	74.0%	50	26.0%	192	100.0%
Adolescent Medicine (Ped.)	5	83.3%	1	16.7%	6	100.0%
Cardiology (Ped.)	17	47.2%	19	52.8%	36	100.0%
Clinical Immunology and Allergy (Ped.)	8	80.0%	2	20.0%	10	100.0%
Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology (Ped.)	1	50.0%	1	50.0%	2	100.0%
Critical Care (Ped.)	25	44.6%	31	55.4%	56	100.0%
Endocrinology and Metabolism (Ped.)	22	75.9%	7	24.1%	29	100.0%
Gastroenterology (Ped.)	17	54.8%	14	45.2%	31	100.0%
Developmental Pediatrics (Ped.)	7	70.0%	3	30.0%	10	100.0%
Pediatric Emergency Medicine (Ped.)	6	42.9%	8	57.1%	14	100.0%
Hematology/Oncology (Ped.)	52	75.4%	17	24.6%	69	100.0%
Infectious Diseases (Ped.)	14	70.0%	6	30.0%	20	100.0%
Neonatal-Perinatal Medicine (Ped.)	79	57.2%	59	42.8%	138	100.0%
Nephrology (Ped.)	23	76.7%	7	23.3%	30	100.0%
Pediatric Palliative Medicine (Ped.)	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	1	100.0%
Respirology (Ped.)	16	69.6%	7	30.4%	23	100.0%
Rheumatology (Ped.)	8	57.1%	6	42.9%	14	100.0%
Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation	14	50.0%	14	50.0%	28	100.0%
Psychiatry	144	60.5%	94	39.5%	238	100.0%
Child and Adolescent Psychiatry	9	56.3%	7	43.8%	16	100.0%
Forensic Psychiatry	1	20.0%	4	80.0%	5	100.0%
Geriatric Psychiatry	2	28.6%	5	71.4%	7	100.0%
Radiation Oncology	30	50.0%	30	50.0%	60	100.0%
Medical Specialties Subtotal	1854	51.1%	1774	48.9%	3628	100.0%
Diagnostic and Molecular Pathology	76	66.1%	39	33.9%	115	100.0%
Forensic Pathology (Diag. and Molecular Path.)	0	0.0%	3	100.0%	3	100.0%
Diagnostic and Clinical Pathology	16	59.3%	11	40.7%	27	100.0%
Hematological Pathology	10	90.9%	1	9.1%	11	100.0%
Medical Biochemistry	1	16.7%	5	83.3%	6	100.0%
Medical Microbiology	12	75.0%	4	25.0%	16	100.0%
Neuropathology	3	60.0%	2	40.0%	5	100.0%
Lab Medicine Specialties Subtotal	118	64.5%	65	35.5%	183	100.0%
Cardiac Surgery	20	25.6%	58	74.4%	78	100.0%
General Surgery	65	40.4%	96	59.6%	161	100.0%
Colorectal Surgery	2	28.6%	5	71.4%	7	100.0%
Critical Care (General Surgery)	0	0.0%	2	100.0%	2	100.0%
General Surgical Oncology	5	50.0%	5	50.0%	10	100.0%
Pediatric Surgery	13	68.4%	6	31.6%	19	100.0%
Thoracic Surgery	11	34.4%	21	65.6%	32	100.0%

Field of Training	Female		Male		Total	
	#	%	#	%	#	%
Vascular Surgery	6	21.4%	22	78.6%	28	100.0%
Neurosurgery	31	29.2%	75	70.8%	106	100.0%
Obstetrics/Gynecology	67	72.0%	26	28.0%	93	100.0%
Gynecologic Oncology	9	45.0%	11	55.0%	20	100.0%
Gynecologic.Rep.Endocrin./Infertility	7	46.7%	8	53.3%	15	100.0%
Maternal-Fetal Medicine	18	69.2%	8	30.8%	26	100.0%
Ophthalmology	67	55.4%	54	44.6%	121	100.0%
Otolaryngology - Head and Neck Surgery	27	37.5%	45	62.5%	72	100.0%
Orthopedic Surgery	53	17.0%	259	83.0%	312	100.0%
Plastic Surgery	21	36.8%	36	63.2%	57	100.0%
Urology	18	19.4%	75	80.6%	93	100.0%
Surgical Specialties Subtotal	440	35.1%	812	64.9%	1252	100.0%
Acute Care Point of Care Ultrasonography (AFC)	0	0.0%	1	100.0%	1	100.0%
Addiction Medicine (AFC)	2	50.0%	2	50.0%	4	100.0%
Adult Cardiac Electrophysiology (AFC)	4	19.0%	17	81.0%	21	100.0%
Adult Congenital Heart Disease (AFC)	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	1	100.0%
Adult Echocardiography (AFC)	0	0.0%	4	100.0%	4	100.0%
Adult Hepatology (AFC)	3	20.0%	12	80.0%	15	100.0%
Adult Interventional Cardiology (AFC)	4	12.1%	29	87.9%	33	100.0%
Adult Thrombosis Medicine (AFC)	6	46.2%	7	53.8%	13	100.0%
Clinician Educator (AFC)	4	40.0%	6	60.0%	10	100.0%
Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplantation and Cellular Therapy (AFC)	2	33.3%	4	66.7%	6	100.0%
Neonatal Hemodynamics and Targeted Neonatal Echocardiography (AFC)	0	0.0%	3	100.0%	3	100.0%
Neuro-intervention (AFC)	0	0.0%	1	100.0%	1	100.0%
Pediatric Urology (AFC)	1	50.0%	1	50.0%	2	100.0%
Prehospital and Transport Medicine (AFC)	1	50.0%	1	50.0%	2	100.0%
Retina (AFC)	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	1	100.0%
Sleep Disorder Medicine (AFC)	0	0.0%	6	100.0%	6	100.0%
Solid Organ Transplantation (AFC)	7	41.2%	10	58.8%	17	100.0%
Transfusion Medicine (AFC)	0	0.0%	2	100.0%	2	100.0%
Trauma General Surgery (AFC)	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	1	100.0%
Areas of Focused Competence Subtotal	37	25.9%	106	74.1%	143	100.0%
Total	3273	51.3%	3112	48.7%	6385	100.0%

Table B8

IMGs IN POST-M.D. TRAINING
Field of training by mean age for all trainees
Report Year 2025

Field of Training	Mean Age
Family Medicine	34
Emergency Medicine (CFPC)	33
Care of the Elderly (CFPC)	38
Enhanced Skills: Anesthesia (CFPC)	37
Enhanced Skills: Palliative Care (CFPC)	33
Enhanced Skills: Sports Medicine (CFPC)	38
Enhanced Skills: Other Fam. Med. Training	36
Family Medicine Subtotal	34
Anesthesiology	35
Critical Care (Anes.)	36
Pain Medicine (Anes.)	47
Public Health and Preventive Medicine	38
Dermatology	33
Diagnostic Radiology	35
Interventional Radiology	35
Neuroradiology	35
Pediatric Radiology	38
Emergency Medicine (Royal College)	33
Critical Care (Emergency Med.)	34
Pediatric Emergency Medicine	35
Internal Medicine	31
Cardiology (Int.Med.)	35
Clinical Immunology and Allergy (Int.Med.)	36
Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology (Int.Med.)	31
Critical Care (Int.Med.)	36
Endocrinology and Metabolism (Int.Med.)	34
Gastroenterology (Int.Med.)	35
General Internal Medicine	36
Geriatric Medicine (Int.Med.)	36
Hematology (Int.Med.)	36
Infectious Diseases (Int.Med.)	34
Medical Oncology (Int.Med.)	36
Nephrology (Int.Med.)	36
Occupational Medicine (Int.Med.)	38
Respirology (Int.Med.)	36
Rheumatology (Int.Med.)	36
Medical Genetics and Genomics	36
Neurology	34
Neurology (Pediatrics)	35
Nuclear Medicine	40
Palliative Medicine	35
Pediatrics	33
Adolescent Medicine (Ped.)	38
Cardiology (Ped.)	37
Clinical Immunology and Allergy (Ped.)	34
Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology (Ped.)	44
Critical Care (Ped.)	36
Endocrinology and Metabolism (Ped.)	34
Gastroenterology (Ped.)	34
Developmental Pediatrics (Ped.)	37
Pediatric Emergency Medicine (Ped.)	34

Field of Training	Mean Age
Hematology/Oncology (Ped.)	36
Infectious Diseases (Ped.)	34
Neonatal-Perinatal Medicine (Ped.)	37
Nephrology (Ped.)	36
Pediatric Palliative Medicine (Ped.)	46
Respirology (Ped.)	35
Rheumatology (Ped.)	38
Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation	36
Psychiatry	35
Child and Adolescent Psychiatry	35
Forensic Psychiatry	42
Geriatric Psychiatry	35
Radiation Oncology	35
Medical Specialties Subtotal	35
Diagnostic and Molecular Pathology	36
Forensic Pathology (Diag. and Molecular Path.)	39
Diagnostic and Clinical Pathology	41
Hematological Pathology	40
Medical Biochemistry	37
Medical Microbiology	38
Neuropathology	37
Lab Medicine Specialties Subtotal	38
Cardiac Surgery	37
General Surgery	33
Colorectal Surgery	37
Critical Care (General Surgery)	39
General Surgical Oncology	37
Pediatric Surgery	36
Thoracic Surgery	35
Vascular Surgery	32
Neurosurgery	35
Obstetrics/Gynecology	34
Gynecologic Oncology	37
Gynecologic.Rep.Endocrin./Infertility	34
Maternal-Fetal Medicine	36
Ophthalmology	35
Otolaryngology - Head and Neck Surgery	34
Orthopedic Surgery	34
Plastic Surgery	35
Urology	34
Surgical Specialties Subtotal	34
Acute Care Point of Care Ultrasonography (AFC)	36
Addiction Medicine (AFC)	34
Adult Cardiac Electrophysiology (AFC)	35
Adult Congenital Heart Disease (AFC)	34
Adult Echocardiography (AFC)	33
Adult Hepatology (AFC)	36
Adult Interventional Cardiology (AFC)	35
Adult Thrombosis Medicine (AFC)	37
Clinician Educator (AFC)	42
Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplantation and Cellular Therapy (AFC)	35
Neonatal Hemodynamics and Targeted Neonatal Echocardiography (AFC)	38
Neuro-intervention (AFC)	35
Pediatric Urology (AFC)	39
Prehospital and Transport Medicine (AFC)	36
Retina (AFC)	39
Sleep Disorder Medicine (AFC)	36
Solid Organ Transplantation (AFC)	36
Transfusion Medicine (AFC)	43

Field of Training	Mean Age
Trauma General Surgery (AFC)	37
Areas of Focused Competence Subtotal	36
<i>Total</i>	35

Table B9

IMGs IN POST-M.D. TRAINING

Canadian citizen/permanent resident and visa trainees by source of funding

Report Years 2017 to 2025

Report Year	Ministry Funds		Other Funds*		Unknown Source		Total	
	CC/PR	Visa	CC/PR	Visa	CC/PR	Visa	CC/PR	Visa
2017	1772	19	442	2281	0	1	2214	2301
2018	1717	15	483	2374	0	4	2200	2393
2019	1638	15	521	2291	0	9	2159	2315
2020	1623	18	487	2238	0	10	2110	2266
2021	1623	12	436	2616	0	3	2059	2631
2022	1607	20	495	2948	1	4	2103	2972
2023	1779	8	492	3132	0	0	2271	3140
2024	2015	20	507	3433	7	5	2529	3458
2025	2329	21	510	3512	10	3	2849	3536

See definitions section

Ministry and other funded Canadian citizens/permanent resident IMGs (2017 to 2025)

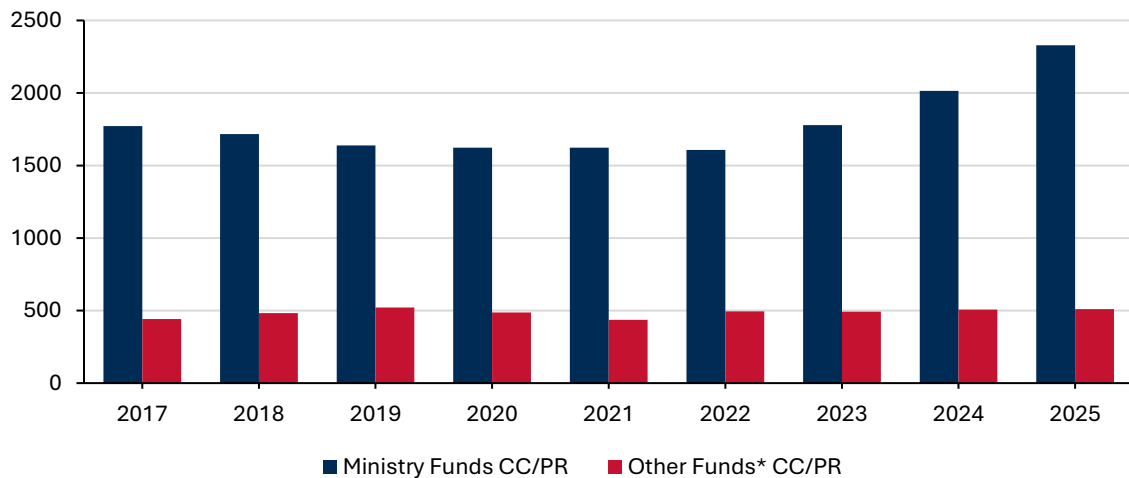


Table B10

IMGs IN POST-M.D. TRAINING

Canadian citizen/permanent resident and visa trainees by rank, 2025

Legal Status	Residents								Fellows	Total
	PGY-1	PGY-2	PGY-3	PGY-4	PGY-5	PGY-6	PGY-7	Subtotal	Fellows	
CC/PR	905	700	286	236	191	38	10	2366	483	2849
Visa Trainees	132	145	142	139	151	48	21	778	2758	3536
Total	1037	845	428	375	342	86	31	3144	3241	6385

Table B11

IMGs EXITING* POST-M.D. TRAINING

Exiting between Nov 2024 to Nov 2025 by legal status and field of training (includes fellows)

Field of training when exiting	Legal Status as of July 2023		
	Canadian citizens/ permanent residents	Visa Trainees	Total
Family Medicine	298	3	301
Emergency Medicine (CFPC)	16	0	16
Care of the Elderly (CFPC)	3	2	5
Enhanced Skills: Anesthesia (CFPC)	7	0	7
Enhanced Skills: Palliative Care (CFPC)	2	2	4
Enhanced Skills: Sports Medicine (CFPC)	2	1	3
Enhanced Skills: Other Fam. Med. Training	22	3	25
Family Medicine Subtotal	350	11	361
Anesthesiology	34	119	153
Critical Care (Anes.)	1	1	2
Pain Medicine (Anes.)	2	1	3
Public Health and Preventive Medicine	5	0	5
Dermatology	2	9	11
Diagnostic Radiology	32	133	165
Interventional Radiology	2	6	8
Neuroradiology	7	14	21
Pediatric Radiology	3	20	23
Emergency Medicine (Royal College)	2	13	15
Critical Care (Emergency Med.)	1	0	1
Pediatric Emergency Medicine	0	1	1
Internal Medicine	8	1	9
Cardiology (Int.Med.)	18	67	85
Clinical Immunology and Allergy (Int.Med.)	2	2	4
Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology (Int.Med.)	1	0	1
Critical Care (Int.Med.)	10	51	61
Endocrinology and Metabolism (Int.Med.)	4	22	26
Gastroenterology (Int.Med.)	11	45	56
General Internal Medicine	20	11	31
Geriatric Medicine (Int.Med.)	7	5	12
Hematology (Int.Med.)	11	24	35
Infectious Diseases (Int.Med.)	7	15	22
Medical Oncology (Int.Med.)	14	40	54
Nephrology (Int.Med.)	11	44	55
Occupational Medicine (Int.Med.)	0	1	1
Respirology (Int.Med.)	8	24	32
Rheumatology (Int.Med.)	8	15	23
Medical Genetics and Genomics	2	3	5
Neurology	18	83	101
Neurology (Pediatrics)	2	19	21
Nuclear Medicine	0	5	5
Palliative Medicine	4	12	16
Pediatrics	10	24	34
Adolescent Medicine (Ped.)	1	1	2
Cardiology (Ped.)	6	20	26
Clinical Immunology and Allergy (Ped.)	2	11	13
Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology (Ped.)	1	0	1
Critical Care (Ped.)	3	25	28
Endocrinology and Metabolism (Ped.)	1	5	6
Gastroenterology (Ped.)	2	11	13
Developmental Pediatrics (Ped.)	1	3	4

Field of training when exiting	Legal Status as of July 2023		
	Canadian citizens/ permanent residents	Visa Trainees	Total
Pediatric Emergency Medicine (Ped.)	7	19	26
Hematology/Oncology (Ped.)	4	16	20
Infectious Diseases (Ped.)	0	3	3
Neonatal-Perinatal Medicine (Ped.)	7	33	40
Nephrology (Ped.)	4	12	16
Pediatric Palliative Medicine (Ped.)	1	2	3
Respirology (Ped.)	1	8	9
Rheumatology (Ped.)	2	8	10
Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation	4	7	11
Psychiatry	24	30	54
Child and Adolescent Psychiatry	6	5	11
Forensic Psychiatry	0	1	1
Geriatric Psychiatry	3	5	8
Radiation Oncology	2	41	43
Medical Specialties Subtotal	349	1096	1445
Diagnostic and Molecular Pathology	14	24	38
Diagnostic and Clinical Pathology	3	2	5
Hematological Pathology	1	3	4
Medical Biochemistry	0	1	1
Medical Microbiology	7	3	10
Lab Medicine Specialties Subtotal	25	33	58
Cardiac Surgery	4	27	31
General Surgery	8	41	49
Colorectal Surgery	2	4	6
Critical Care (General Surgery)	0	2	2
General Surgical Oncology	0	7	7
Pediatric Surgery	2	6	8
Thoracic Surgery	1	17	18
Vascular Surgery	0	8	8
Neurosurgery	4	46	50
Obstetrics/Gynecology	9	15	24
Gynecologic Oncology	2	5	7
Gynecologic.Rep.Endocrin./Infertility	2	3	5
Maternal-Fetal Medicine	1	14	15
Ophthalmology	7	54	61
Otolaryngology - Head and Neck Surgery	1	36	37
Orthopedic Surgery	15	139	154
Plastic Surgery	2	31	33
Urology	3	36	39
Surgical Specialties Subtotal	63	491	554
Acute Care Point of Care Ultrasonography (AFC)	0	1	1
Adult Cardiac Electrophysiology (AFC)	0	20	20
Adult Echocardiography (AFC)	1	5	6
Adult Interventional Cardiology (AFC)	3	12	15
Adult Thrombosis Medicine (AFC)	1	7	8
Advanced Heart Failure and Cardiac Transplantation (AFC)	0	1	1
Hyperbaric Medicine (AFC)	0	1	1
Neonatal Hemodynamics and Targeted Neonatal Echocardiography (AFC)	0	1	1
Pediatric Urology (AFC)	0	1	1
Prehospital and Transport Medicine (AFC)	0	1	1
Sleep Disorder Medicine (AFC)	1	1	2
Solid Organ Transplantation (AFC)	0	6	6
Transfusion Medicine (AFC)	0	1	1
Trauma General Surgery (AFC)	2	3	5
Areas of Focused Competence Subtotal	8	61	69
Total	795	1692	2487

* at a rank level consistent with completion of training

Section C

IMGs IN PRACTICE

In previous editions of the IMG report we reported data on practicing physicians primarily based on the electronic version of Scott's Medical Directory (MD Select). For a variety of reasons, the decision was made not to purchase this file again. Therefore, this section contains fewer tables than previous years. Data in this section is based on core CAPER data in addition to the practice location data provided by the Canadian Medical Association and historical MD Select data (where applicable).

Tables C1 and C2 are based primarily on locations of exiting postgraduate trainees as determined by the CMA Masterfile at 2, 5, and 10 years post exit. If the physician cannot be located on the CMA file, MD Select was used.

Practice locations based on postal codes are grouped into various geographic categories such as urban, small city, town, rural using the Postal Code Conversion File (PCCF).

Table C1

IMGs IN PRACTICE

IMGs who exited Canadian postgrad training in 2023 by faculty of post-MD training and initial practice location in 2025* - excluding visa trainees

Faculty Providing Post-M.D. Training	Practice Location in 2025*											Total
	NL	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	Territories	Not Located**	
Memorial University of Newfoundland	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
Dalhousie University	0	6	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	3
Université Laval	0	0	0	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Université de Sherbrooke	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Université de Montréal	0	0	0	1	12	0	0	0	1	0	0	23
McGill University	0	0	0	0	14	1	0	1	0	0	0	9
University of Ottawa	0	1	0	0	2	29	1	0	3	2	0	12
Queen's University	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	1	1	0	2
University of Toronto	1	2	0	2	2	126	2	4	4	5	1	58
McMaster University	0	1	0	0	0	37	1	1	0	1	0	16
Western University	0	0	0	1	0	39	1	0	2	1	0	14
NOSM University	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	2
University of Manitoba	0	0	0	0	0	2	18	1	0	0	0	7
University of Saskatchewan	1	1	0	0	0	6	0	18	0	2	0	3
University of Alberta	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	22	1	1	5
University of Calgary	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	18	2	0	10
University of British Columbia	0	0	0	2	0	3	1	2	1	70	0	24
Total	2	11	1	8	41	276	26	28	52	87	2	196

* Based on linkage with CMA Masterfile and MD Select file.

** If the CMA Masterfile and the MD Select file did not contain sufficient location information on a practicing IMG they were classified as 'Not Located'.

Table C2

IMGs IN PRACTICE

IMGs who exited Canadian postgrad training in 2023 by faculty of post-MD training and initial practice location in 2025* - excluding visa trainees

Faculty Providing Post-M.D. Training	Practice Location in 2025*									
	Large Urban Centre		Small City		Town		Rural		Total	
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Memorial University of Newfoundland	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	100.0%
Dalhousie University	6	50.0%	0	0.0%	4	33.3%	2	16.7%	12	100.0%
Université Laval	5	71.4%	0	0.0%	1	14.3%	1	14.3%	7	100.0%
Université de Sherbrooke	4	80.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	20.0%	5	100.0%
Université de Montréal	12	85.7%	1	7.1%	1	7.1%	0	0.0%	14	100.0%
McGill University	13	81.3%	1	6.3%	1	6.3%	1	6.3%	16	100.0%
University of Ottawa	32	84.2%	2	5.3%	1	2.6%	3	7.9%	38	100.0%
Queen's University	16	88.9%	1	5.6%	0	0.0%	1	5.6%	18	100.0%
University of Toronto	139	93.3%	0	0.0%	4	2.7%	6	4.0%	149	100.0%
McMaster University	36	87.8%	0	0.0%	1	2.4%	4	9.8%	41	100.0%
Western University	42	95.5%	1	2.3%	1	2.3%	0	0.0%	44	100.0%
NOSM University	7	87.5%	0	0.0%	1	12.5%	0	0.0%	8	100.0%
University of Manitoba	12	57.1%	0	0.0%	5	23.8%	4	19.0%	21	100.0%
University of Saskatchewan	18	64.3%	0	0.0%	5	17.9%	5	17.9%	28	100.0%
University of Alberta	26	89.7%	0	0.0%	1	3.4%	2	6.9%	29	100.0%
University of Calgary	22	91.7%	0	0.0%	2	8.3%	0	0.0%	24	100.0%
University of British Columbia	60	75.9%	1	1.3%	11	13.9%	7	8.9%	79	100.0%
Total	451	84.5%	7	1.3%	39	7.3%	37	6.9%	534	100.0%

*Based on linkage with CMA Masterfile and MD Select (Scott's Medical Directory) and Statistics Canada Postal Code Conversion file.
Excludes IMGs with unknown postal codes (n = 196).

Large urban centre - census metropolitan area with population at least 100K
Small city - tracted census agglomeration with population 50K-99K
Town - untracted census agglomerations with population 10K-49K
Rural - metro influenced zones outside of urban centres as well as the territories